THE
North-Carolina Standard
IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY
WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY—*Two Dollars per annum*, in advance, or within the first month; Two Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—*Four Dollars per annum*, in advance or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements not exceeding *fourteen lines* will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge. Our charges for ADVERTISING BY THE YEAR are as follows:

One square,	6 months,	(14 lines to a square,)		$ 10
"	12 "	"	"	18
Two squares,	6 months;	"	"	15
"	12 "	"	"	25
Three squares,	6 months,	"	"	20
"	12 "	"	"	30

A limited number of advertisements will be taken for the *Weekly* paper, but no deduction will be made on any but yearly advertisements—these will be inserted at one-fourth less than the regular charge.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines, will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for $6 for six months, or $10 for twelve months; or in both papers for $10 for six months, or $15 for twelve months.

☞ The paper will be sent to advertisers for six months or by the year, free of charge.

*** Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by mail, and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

Semi-Weekly Standard.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1854. No. 43.

A. M. MCPHEETERS, H. CHISELIN. J. W. MARTIN.

A. M. McPHEETERS, & CO.
Wholesale Grocers,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office at No. 6, Roanoke Square,
NORFOLK, VA.

REFERENCES:
THOMAS P. DEVEREUX, Esq., Halifax, N. C.
GEO. W. MORDECAI, Pres't Bank of the State of N. C.
C. DEWEY, Cashier " "
W. H. JONES, Cashier Bank of Cape Fear.
L. O'B. BRANCH, President Raleigh and Gaston Road.
Messrs. Reid & Souther, } *Norfolk.*
Dr. N. C. Whitehead, }
Pres't Farmer's B'k of Va. }
Alex. Bell, Esq.
Messrs. Spence & Reid, *Baltimore.*
" B. Blossom & Son, *New York.*
September 16, 1853. 87—

"SKY LIGHT!" EVANS & COOKE, *No. 29, Cheap Place,* Have received their entire Fall purchase of Goods, which are now open for inspection.

We deem it unnecessary to speak of their cheapness, as it is perfectly understood by ALL that Evans & Cooke believe in quick sales and short profits, and, as usual, are ahead of all competition. EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 12. 86—

LADIES' DRESS GOODS. HEAVY RICH Plaid Silks.
Heavy Brocade Silks.
Heavy Plain Silks.
Black and Blue Watered Silks.
Black Gro de Rhine Silks.
French De Lanes, Plain and Figured.
Do Cashmere, do do
Plaid Raw Silks.
French and English Merinos.
95 pieces cheap DeLane. EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 12. 86—

PAINTS AND OILS.—A VERY LARGE SUPPLY of all kinds of PAINTS, OILS, and VARNISHES to hand and for sale, lower than can be bought elsewhere, on the most accommodating terms by P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

WINDOW GLASS.—A LARGE SUPPLY OF ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES, kept on hand or ordered, to suit any size sash at very low rates.

Also, a good supply of PUTTY. Dealers will please give me a chance to fill their orders before buying elsewhere, if they want good bargains. P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

CALL AT PESCUD'S DRUG STORE FOR YOUR supplies of American and Foreign PERFUMERY, TOOTH and HAIR BRUSHES, COARSE and FINE COMBS, SOAPS and SHAVING CREAMS, POMADES and HAIR OILS.

Pescud keeps a large stock and sells at a small advance to consumers and the trade.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

CIGARS AND CHEWING TOBACCO.—THE lovers of the WEED will be glad to hear that the subscriber has received an invoice of Superior Cigars—fine Cut and Lump Chewing Tobacco, various brands, and some Smoking Tobacco, as fragrant as they can find anywhere.
P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

RED LARD OIL IS NOW USED BY MANY persons in preference to TRAIN OIL because it is just as good, and much cheaper. A supply for sale very low at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STATE BONDS WANTED.—$3,000 IN STATE BONDS WANTED. Apply at the Standard Office.
Sept. 23, 1853. 89—

LYON'S RAT PILLS AND SALVE. DON'T be annoyed any longer with rats, when you can exterminate them by giving Rat Pills, or greasing their food with Coster's Salve, which you will find at PESCUD'S.

SADDLER, FERTH & ROSS' MUSTARD. A large Case of this Mustard—which is considered the best in the world—by many persons—is just received at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

GLAZIERS' DIAMONDS AND KNIVES.—In Store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

LYON'S RAT PILLS, THE MOST EFFECTUAL remedy ever used for the destruction of Rats, Mice, &c. orby WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

EXTRACTS FOR FLAVORING.—Rose, Vanilla, Orange, Lemon, Butter Almond, Cinnamon and Pine Apple in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

TABLE SALT. VERY FINE AND WHITE in small bags, in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

CORN STARCH.—A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

DEPILATORY.—FOR REMOVING SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, for sale by WILLIAS & HAYWOOD.

CHLORINE TOOTH WASH STANDS UNRIVALLED for cleansing the mouth and preserving the teeth and gums. For sale at WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD'S.

COD LIVER OIL.—A FRESH SUPPLY of Rushton, Clark & Co.'s just to hand, at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

FLOUR.—SUPERIOR FAMILY FLOUR, OF NEW Wheat, in Store, and for sale by JAS. McKIMMON.
Raleigh, September 2d, 1853. 83—

CHEWING TOBACCO.—I have seven brands of the finest qualities of Chewing Tobacco, one of which is put up by Y. & E. P. Jones, and claimed the Premium at our State Fair, for sale in packages or lots to suit the trade, by P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, November 4th, 1853. 101—

PAINT MILLS.—A GREAT LABOR SAVING MAchine for grinding colors, and one which every painter should have; for sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

HADDOCK FISH.—120 BARRELS HADDOCK Fish, in fine order. For sale at a low price.
NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853. 1—

RED ASH COAL.—200 TONS BEST RED ASH Philadelphia Coal, in Yard. For sale by
NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853. 1—

BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.—HEAVY Gunny Bagging, 46 inches wide,
Best Dundee Hemp Bagging, 44 do. do.
All in store and for sale by JAS. McKIMMON.
Raleigh, Nov. 14, 1853. 104—

NEW RIVER MULLETS.—20 BARRELS NEW River Mullets, in fine order, just received.
For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853. 1—

JUST RECEIVED, BALLAD FOR THE SOLITARY. W. L. POMEROY.
Dec. 26, 1853. 12—

WOLFE'S SCHEIDAM SCHNAPPS.—A fresh supply of this popular Medicine, just received and for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

SOMETHING NICE.—JUST RECEIVED AT Mahler's & Co.
2 doz. Spiced Oysters,
2 " Lobsters,
2 " Salmons,
2 " Catsups,
12 " Preserves, Pickles and Brandy Peaches.
Oct. 11th, 1853. 84—

ISAAC PROCTOR, MERCHANT TAILOR, (*Successor to Oliver & Proctor,*) Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally, his return from the Northern cities, and that he is now receiving his Fall and Winter supplies of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Furnishing Goods and Ready-Made Clothing, which, being bought principally for cash, he is enabled to offer at very low rates.

He has now in store, at the old stand, opposite the Post-Office,

Superfine black, blue, brown, dahlia and other fancy Cloths, of various goods.
Superfine French, English and American Cassimeres, of all prices, plain and fancy.
Superfine Simoni Doeskins, for Pants and Overcoats.
Superfine black Satins and Grenadines.
Plain and figured and fancy silk Vestings.
Fine assortment rich silk Quiltings, for weddings and parties.
Plain and figured Plush Velvets, very rich.

FURNISHING GOODS—A complete assortment, consisting in part of
Superfine plain and fancy dress Shirts.
" " 3-ply Collars, large variety.
" " Canton Flannel, bleached Drill.
Merino and silk Under-shirts and Drawers.
Silk, cotton and merino plain and fancy Hosiery.
Gloves, very superior kid, black, white and fancy.
Cravats, black and fancy, and a rich assortment for weddings and parties.
Stocks, black, white and fancy, with and without ties.
Suspenders, Dressing Gowns, &c.

In fact everything necessary for a gentleman's complete outfit.

With sincere thanks to his numerous patrons for the liberal encouragement heretofore extended to him, he hopes, by strict attention to their wants, and a determintion to please, to merit its continuance.

Gentlemen furnishing their own goods to be manufactured may rely upon receiving the same care and attention as though sold by himself.

The latest Paris and London fashions just received.

Cutting and repairing done promptly at all times.

He will remind those indebted, six months time is allowed to punctual customers. Those in arrears longer than the above time will please call and close their accounts, either by cash or note, and oblige ISAAC PROCTOR.
Raleigh, Oct. 18th, 1853. 97—

E. L. HARDING, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.—We have opened within the last week upwards of Ten Thousand Dollars worth of superior Ready-Made Clothing, comprising in part as follows:

100 Cloth Dress Coats,
100 " " Frock Coats,
128 Fancy Cloth Sack Frock Coats,
75 " " Box " "
50 Black " Business "

Overcoats.

75 Black French Bever Cloth Overcoats,
50 Fancy " " " "
75 Heavy Petersham " "
50 Partridge "
75 Mountain Beaver "
34 Flushing "
100 Tweed Sack Frock Coats,
75 Satinett " " "
75 Fancy Cassimere Sack Frock Coats,
50 Black " " " "

Cassimere Pants.

100 Black Doe-Skin Cassimere Pants,
150 Fancy " " "
75 Satinette " " "
50 Black Cassimere made whole fronts.

Boys' Clothing.

We have a very good assortment of Boys' Clothing consisting of Fancy Cloth Sacks, Doe-Skin Cassimere Frocks, Tweed Cassimere Sacks and Frocks, Cloth Round Jackets, Satinett Round Jackets, Silk and Satin Vests, Cassimere and Valencia Vests, Fancy and Black Cassimere Pants.

Also, a large lot of Cassimere Coats, Boys' Cloth Talmers, a very pretty style of Overcoats, &c.

We manufacture all the goods we sell, and can safely warrant our goods to wear well. E. L. HARDING.
Raleigh, Oct. 15, 1853. 96—

HAYWOOD & SCOTT ARE NOW OPENING IN Col. Roulhac's new building, on Fayetteville Street, next door above Mr. T. R. Fentress' Clothing establishment, a Fresh Stock of

Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals,
Surgical Instruments,
Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,
Window-Glass and Glassware,
Varnishes and Putty,
Paint Brushes,
Fine Perfumery and Fancy Articles,
Best Tooth and Hair Brushes,
Excellent Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff,
Garden and Field Seeds, &c., &c.

All of which are offered to their friends and the public upon as favorable terms as can be procured in this market.

Particular attention will be paid to putting up Prescriptions for Physicians and Families, at all hours of the day or night, and none but the most choice articles will be used.
Raleigh, August 2d, 1853. 74—6m.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—WE HAVE just returned from New York and Philadelphia with much the LARGEST STOCK of the above that ever was in Raleigh. The stock is too large to enumerate. We have

The very finest Gold and Silver Watches,
Breast Pins, Ear Rings, and Finger Rings,
Fine Razors, Knives, and Straps,
Silver Ware and Plated Ware,
Clocks and Watches,
Pistols and Walking Canes.
Perfumery and Extracts,

Call and see our Jewelry at reduced prices, less per cent than we have heretofore sold.

We are determined to do a large business.
PALMER & RAMSAY.
October 24, 1853. 98—

CHARLES KUESTER, GUN, LOCK-SMITH, and BELL-HANGER—Would respectfully inform the Citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has located permanently in Raleigh, and has opened a Shop on Wilmington Street, (in Dr. Cooke's brick-building,) where he will be found at all times, ready to execute any "Job" in his line, in a style that shall not be surpassed by any other person, and the charges shall always be moderate. *Call and See.*
Raleigh, Feb. 21, 1853. 960—

KADER BIGGS,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Tunis's Wharf, Town Point,
Norfolk, Va.

References—Messrs Bloodgood & Co., E. P. Tabb, & Co., and Alex'r. Bell, Esq., Norfolk; Hon. Asa Biggs, Williamston, N. C.; Col. J. B. G. Roulhac, Raleigh, N. C.; Lewis Thompson, Esq., Hotel, N. C.
February 1, 1854. 23—1ysw.

NEW FLOURING MILL.—THE SUBSCRIBER'S NEW FLOURING MILL is now in successful operation, and he is turning out a very superior article of flour. He is now ready for custom, which he respectfully solicits. The best cash prices paid for wheat.

My Mills are situated within about two miles of Raleigh, on Walnut Creek.
W. F. COLLINS.
Sept. 27, 1853. 90—tf.

BLANKETS AND FLANNELS.—9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4 and 13-4 sup'r Bed Blankets, Crib and Cradle do., White, Blue, Red and Green Mackinaw Blankets,
Negro Blankets—all kinds, Saddle and Horse do.,
White, Red, Yellow, Green and Gray Flannels, all grades,
Fancy Flannels, Flannels for Sacks, all colors,
In store and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

NEGRO GOODS.—KERSEYS OF ALL GRADES, Plaid, Striped and Plain Linseys,
Marlboro' and Gala Stripes and Plaids,
Cotton Osnaburgs and Heavy Shirtings,
Russet & Black Brogans—Heavy Boots, just received and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

GROCERIES.—LOAF, CRUSHED, GROUND AND CLARIFIED SUGARS,
Java, Laguira, and Rio Coffee,
Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
Sugar House Syrup and Molasses,
Maderia, Cherry, Port and Champagne Wines, Cooking Wines,
Cog. Brandy, warranted pure,
Old Monongahela Whiskey,
Jamaica Rum, Holland Gin,
London Brown and Scotch Ale, for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

HATS AND CAPS.—FALL STYLE AND BEST quality Moleskin Hats,
Cloth Caps of every variety and price,
Servant's Wool Hats, Black, Brown and Drab, just received.
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, Oct. 7, 1853. 93—

SOAPS, &c.—VARIETIES OF TOILET, SHAVING, and Fancy Soaps. Lyon's Kathairon, Barry's Tricopherus, Rowlands' genuine Macassar Oil, Bears Oil, Beef Marrow for the hair, for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.
September 9, 1853. 85—

PIANOS, MUSIC, STRINGS, &c.—ANOTHER Lot of new and splendid Pianos, of fashionable style and elegant tone and finish, just opened at the N. C. MUSIC STORE.

FLUTES, FLAGEOLETS AND FIFE'S FOR sale lower than any other House in the State. Call at the N. C. BOOK-STORE.
Raleigh, Nov. 14, 1853. 104—

A BEAUTIFUL 5 OCTAVE MELODEON, with three beautiful Pedals, for inspection and sale at the MUSIC STORE.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF NEW AND FASHIONABLE MUSIC received at the MUSIC STORE.

STATIONARY, BLANK BOOKS, ENVELOPES AND PAPER of every description; Perfumery, Brushes. Also, Fancy Goods, in great variety.

The Store of the Subscriber has lately been replenished with New Goods, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers, White, Buff and Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany and Leather Writing Desks, Work Bokes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios; all styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnies, Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Baukers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove and Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes; Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Pearl and Ivory Tablets; Games too numerous to mention; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail and Lather Brushes; Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; all kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Tea Bells; Toilet and Travelling Glasses; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet and Shaving Soaps; Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards, Dice, Checkers; Sewing Birds; Penknives, Scissors and Shears.

A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, fifty styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; the best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates. A large assortment of Visiting and Wedding Cards; Stationary Articles in general; Wedding Stationary and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day and Cash Books, Journals, &c.; Letter Copying Presses, Books and Ink; Mathematical Instructions; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Mouth Glue; Indelible Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

All of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than in any house South of the Potomac, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail.
HENRY D. TURNER,
No. 1, Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N. C.
January 25, 1854. 21—

VIRGINIA MANUFACTORY OF CABINET FURNITURE, and Agent for *Nunn's & Clarke's Celebrated Piano Fortes.*—LEWIS SALUSBURY, No. 58 and 60, Main street, Norfolk, Virginia.

It is zettled beyond doubt that we are selling lower than any other house at the South.

The subscriber invites the attention of purchasers of Furniture to his stock now in store, and to which daily additions are now being made, consisting of
Rosewood, Mahogany and Black Walnut Bureaus, with and without Glasses, Marble Tops,
Secretaries, Marble Top Washstands,
Centre, Sofa, Side and Work Tables, Painted Furniture,
Toilet Tables, Commodes, Whatnots, Hall Stands,
Stuffed, Easy, Rocking and Parlor Chairs,
Couches, Bedsteads, Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Divans,
Ottomans, Window Seats, Crickets, Wardrobes,
Card Tables, Mirrors, as well as all kinds of Cane and Wood work,
Also white and Grey live Geese Feathers, both kiln dried and in the original packages,
Common Feathers, Hair, Palm Leaf and Straw Mattresses,
Hair Cloth Burlaps, Gimp, Sofa and Chair Springs,
Glass Plates, Wooden and Willow ware,
Clocks, Castors, Knobs, &c.

We would also call the attention of the public to Robinson's Patent Bed Sofas, for which we have the Agency. They are the best article of the kind in use, both as regards the work and convenience, being less complicated and making a wider bed by four inches than other kinds, more than all this they are sold for dollars less. The dealers in Furniture will find here as full an assortment, and as low prices as in any establishment in the South or elsewhere.

UNDERTAKING—Every attention paid to this branch of our business—being constantly supplied with Coffins of every description, both Metalic, Mahogany and other kinds. Immediate dispatch given to all orders by mail.
Norfolk, Oct. 15, 1853. 96—6mpd.

NEW BOOKS.—Scotia's Bards, illustrated; Pictorial Field Book of the Revolution, by B. J. Lossing, 2 vols., royal 8 vo.; Peruvian Antiquities, by Marano Edward Pivero, translated into English, from the original Spanish, by Francis L. Hawks, D. D., LL. D.; Grates History of Greece, vol. 11.; The Complete Works of S. S. Coleridge, with an introductory essay upon his Philosophical and Theological Opinions, Edited by Professor Shedd, 7 vols., 8 vo.; The Works of Joseph Addison, Edited, with Critical and Explanatory notes, by George W. Greene; The Works of Shakespeare, Edited by J. Payne Collier, Esq., S. A.; Health Trip to the Tropics, by N. P. Willis; The Homes of the New World, Impressions of America, by Frederika Bremer; The Behaviour Book, by Miss Sealie; Philosophy of Sir Wm. Hamilton; The Analogy of Ancient Craft Masonry to Natural and Revealed Religion, by Charles Scott, A. M.; Bleak House, by Charles Dickens; Gustavus Lindorme, or, "Lead us not into temptation," by Emilie F. Carlen; The Daughter at School, by Rev. Jno. Todd, D. D.; The Old House by the River; Temperance Tales and Hearth Stone reveries, by T. W. Brown.
For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, 1853. 9—

ARTICLES IN ROSEWOOD, &c.—LONDON-made Portable Desks, for Ladies or Gentlemen, some of which are inlaid with pearl, have secret drawers, and are lined with silk velvet. Our assortment of Desks is very complete.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases, of Rosewood, Ebony, &c. plain and furnished, in variety.

Ladies Work Boxes, of French, English and German manufacture, some of which are splendidly furnished, and are very suitable for bridal or other presents.

Glove Boxes, of rosewood, ebony, enamelled wood, &c.

Odor Boxes, of ebony, rosewood, &c., with bottles complete.

Papier Machie Goods, &c. Consisting of Port Folios, Work Boxes, Portable Desks, Tables, Port Monnaies, &c. These Goods are of the very finest quality.
For sale by HENRY D. TURNER,
N. C. Book Store.
Raleigh, January 6, 1854. 15—

BAKERY & CONFECTIONARY.—PUTTICK & MITCHELL would respectfully inform the public that their establishment is now in the "full tide of successful experiment," and they are prepared to execute all orders in their line: in Cake and Bread-baking, Candy making, &c. Nuts, Fruits, Groceries, &c., always kept on hand.

CIGARS.—Our stock of Cigars is very large, some of them of the choicest brands, such as Ele Gratitude, Cobden Regalias, Silvas, Excelsior, El Ciervo, Steamboat Principes, and a variety too numerous to mention.

☞ Parties in the City or country furnished with every description of Confectionaries, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. BRIDE'S CAKE carefully packed and sent to any part of the State. Sugar and Molasses Cakes, also Candy, suitable for country Stores, packed in barrels or smaller packages, cheaper than they can be bought at any other House in North Carolina or Virginia. Low profits and quick sales, is our motto.
Raleigh, May 28th, 1853. 56—tf.

MRS. WOLTERING RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her *Fall* and *Winter Stock of Fancy Goods*, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinner-setts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, *Groceries* of every description. *Musical Instruments, &c.*, which will be sold low for cash.

Just received, a fresh supply of *Confectionaries.*

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance of the same. WILHELMINA WOLTERING.
Raleigh, September, 1851. 90—

PLEASANT GROVE MALE ACADEMY, *Wake Forest, N. C.*—WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., Principal.—The Seventh Session of this institution will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next. Tuition from $7 to $15 per session. The Academy is situated 1 mile from Forestville. The location of this institution for health, morality and convenience cannot be surpassed by any. The Trustees of this school have more than realized their expectations in Mr. CRENSHAW as a teacher, and would say to the public that he is a thorough scholar and a good instructor. Board can be had at $6 per month. For further particulars address DR. WESLEY HARTSFIELD,
Forestville, Wake Co., N. C.
Nov. 23, 1853. 3—tf.

Fall and Winter, 1853.

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER:
Black and Colored Silks,
French an.. English Merinoes, a fine assortment,
Printed and Plain Muslin DeLains,
Worked Collars and Undersleeves,
Embr'd and Plain Linen Cambric H'd'k'fs,
Muslin and Lace Edgings, a great variety,
Ladies and Gentlemens' Gloves, of all kinds,
White and Tan Colored floss skirting.
For sale by J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, Sept. 26, 1853. 90—

JOSEPH K. MARRIOTT,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Office up stairs in the building occupied by Mr. B. B. Smith.
Feb. 2, 2854. 23—tf.

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC FOR 1854. For sale, wholesale and retail by H. D. TURNER,
N. C. Bookstore.
Raleigh, Oct. 25, 1853. 98

SMUT IN WHEAT.—100 LBS. BLUESTONE, the great preventative of smut in wheat, just received at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

CIGARS! CIGARS!!—A lot of the very best brands of imported Cigars, has just been received at HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR, BUILDER OF STEAM ENGINES AND GENERAL MACHINIST. The above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

"AURBY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

"MR. SILAS BURNS—*Dear Sir:* Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot, in 3¾ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes too many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,
JONES & BARBEE."
June 2, 1852. 59—

FACT VS. FICTION.—JUST PUBLISHED, THE OLD BREWERY, and the NEW MISSION AT THE FIVE POINTS, By the Ladies of the Mission. The Publishers take pleasure in inviting the attention of the moral world to this charming production as one of the most remarkable ever offered to the public; and they confidently present it as one of the most touching and impressive volumes which have fallen from the press since the first issue of Mr. Warren's "Diary of a Physician." The papers composing this work are not mere fancy sketches, written for the purpose of a simple commercial speculation, but the written histories of fallen ones who have been missed; of lost ones who have been reclaimed; of Idleness which has been led to Industry; of Drunkenness which has thrown away the Cup; of Poverty which has put on the garb of Comfort; of Despair which has begun again to Hope; of Ignorance which has crept out of Darkness up to Light; and of Sinful Weakness which has thrown off Falsehood, Crime and Shame, and now walks firmly forth in all a Christian's stre gth. The volume overflows with incidents which are REAL; with pictures drawn, not from fancy, but from life—the whole invested with a freshness which can only come from the vital fount of truth. As a whole the publishers present it as one of the truthfulest mirrors of human weakness, infirmity and suffering, and of the most sublime and self-sacrificing Christian faithfulness and heroism ever offered to the public. For sale by
HENRY D. TURNER,
N. C. Bookstore,
Raleigh, N. C.
February 8, 1854. 26—

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—We respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent *Stock of Leather and Findings*, for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 dozen French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,
Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warranted to give satisfaction, and many other articles too numerous to mention, at No. 21, Old street, opposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD.

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.
Petersburg, May 5, 1852. tf.

NOTICE TO CORN GROWERS.—THE SUBscriber offers for sale a peculiar kind of Corn known as the Canada prolific Corn, which excels any grain ever before offered to the Southern Planters, both for beauty and increase. It is a handsome white corn, and produces from three to eight stalks from each grain, each stalk bearing two to three ears of Corn—and the suckers are as prolific as the original stalk, bearing an equal number of ears. I procured a small quantity of this corn through the mail, and planted nine grains in a common sandy garden, that had never received any other manure than from the stable and barn yard, and the result was eighty-six silks and fifty-eight ears! Had not the drought come upon it at the time it did, several other ears would have matured.

I will send packages of one hundred grains each, postpaid, for one dollar, to any one remitting me that sum; and I feel confident no man who invests this small sum for this Corn will regret the experiment. This is not the "Sucker Corn," that shoots at every joint—this species is as late as the common Indian corn and will grow as tall. All orders to be post-paid and addressed to
ANTHONY DAVIS, Pink Hill P. O., Lenoir Co., N. C., or Williams & Haywood, T. M. 20 Raleigh.
February 23d, 1854. 28—

BALTIMORE PIANO MANUFACTORY.—IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT—*Elastic Universal Touch.*—WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladies can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. SCOTT's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the Cities among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.
J. J. WISE & BROTHER.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, *Agent.*
Raleigh, January 11th, 1850. 20—tf.

JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER SUPPLY OF Musical Instruments at the N. C. Music Store, where may always be found Sheet Music and Music Books for all instruments. Pianos' from the celebrated Factory of Knabe & Gaehle, Baltimore. Guitars, Violins, Violincellos, Drums, Fifes, Flutes, Clarionetts, Flageolets, Octave Flutes, Accordeons, ranging from 60 cents to $15,00, Banjos, Tamborins, Violin Screws, Pins, Bridges, Bows. A new lot of Italian Strings both for Guitar and Violin. A large assortment of Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Porte Monies, &c., &c.

ARTISTS MATERIALS.—A beautiful lot of Landscape Patterns for Oil Painting, Japan Boxes, Paints, Brushes, Oils and Varnish; Canvass in pieces or on stretches.

Drawing Patterns, Pencils, Paper, Bristol Board, Mill Boards, Graduate Tint Paper, Pastel, Water Colors, Pictures, Picture Frames, Gilt Moulding, Glass, &c., &c.
K. W. PETERSILIA.
Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

STEAM REFINED CANDIES, OF VERY SUperior quality for exportation South, at Wholesale prices.
Candies assorted per lb. C.....12 cents.
Candies assorted per lb. B.....15 do
Candies assorted per lb. Fancy.....20 to 25 do
The above Candies we warrant to be equal in every respect to any made in this country, and will keep in any climate. Orders enclosing cash or satisfactory reference promptly forwarded to any part of the United States and the West Indies. SAM'L. H. MARKS & SON.
Petersburg, March 24, 1854. 37—

FALL, 1853.—THE SUBSCRIBER HAS FOR THE past two weeks been receiving his usual large supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising a varied assortment for the Fall and Winter trade, which has been purchased invariably for Cash, and which he can assure the public generally he can furnish at prices to please. His Stock consists of nearly every thing wanted by the Farmer and Mechanic, also the City Trade, and would respectfully invite all to an examination of the same.
JAMES McKIMMON.

JUST RECEIVED AT PROCTERS.—RIBB'D Cotton Drawers.
Double-breasted Merino Under Shirts—a superior article.
20 doz. dress Shirts and Collars. I. PROCTER.
December 1, 1853. 5—

SALMON AND LOBSTER.—8 CASES PUT UP in Jars, hermetically sealed.
1 case Sardines in Jars, hermetically sealed.
All warranted fresh and pure, for sale by
JAS. Mc KIMMON.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF SARATOGA WATER. For sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.
September 2, 1853. 85—

GARDEN SEED.—We are now in receipt of a large supply of Garden Seed, warranted fresh, to which the attention of Gardeners is invited. WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

BROWN WINDSOR SOAP.—1 DOZEN JUST received. Also a large variety of Lubin's and Bazin's Perfumery, at the drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
October 11, 1853. 96—

GRASS SEED.—Red clover, Herds grass, Blue grass, mixed lawn grass and Lucerne. Just to hand at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

OUR NEW STOCK!!

E. L. HARDING HAS JUST RECEIVED, AND opened his stock of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, comprising all the new and desirable styles of Fine French Cassimere Pants, Marsellas and Silk Vests, Superior French Cloth Frock and Sack Coats—besides all the medium qualities.

These Goods are made up EXPRESSLY for our own sales, consequently the *Garments are made* in the latest and best style.

We can confidently and safely recommend our goods to wear well, as many can testify who have purchased from us for years past.

Our arrangements are such that we can take measures and have garments made in the best style, and a good 'FIT' guaranteed.

In reference to Dress Shirts, we would call the attention of our customers to our styles. Orders taken, and shirts made to measure, in two weeks time. In fact we are prepared to suit our customers in every respect.

☞ Call at HARDING'S for coon GOODS.
Raleigh, March 24, 1854. 37—

E. L. HARDING—*Opposite Messrs. Evans & Cook* —Manufacturer and Dealer in Superior READY MADE CLOTHING, is now receiving—

Superior black doe skin Pants,
do fancy do do do
do white linen drill do
do do do duck do
do fancy do do do
do black satin D. B. Vest,
do do do S. B. do
do do silk do
do fancy do do
do farmer satins do
do white Marseilles D. B. Vest,
do do do S. B. do
do figured do do
do black cloth frock Coats,
do do do dress do
do fancy do frock do
do do do sack do

with all the medium qualities.

For bargains in well made Goods, call at HARDING'S.
April 4, 1854. 40—

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.—WE HAVE JUST received from the "Union India Rubber Company," an invoice of India Rubber Goods, consisting of

Officer Coats,	Pea Jackets,
Sack "	Walking & Riding Leggins,
White "	Saddle Bags, &c.

which will be sold at Manufacturers' prices.
Feb. 20, 1854. E. L. HARDING & Co.

KEEP A LOOK OUT!—When you see EVANS & COOKE, over the door walk in.—No. 29 Cheap place, under the Sky Light, one door above every body. There are so many advertising as being next door to Messrs. Evans & Cooke, we wish you to *look out.*

We

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN JONES.

At a meeting of the Democrats of Jones County, held at Trenton, on Saturday the 8th of April, 1854, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention at Raleigh on the 19th inst., on motion of Wm. P. Ward, Col. Benj. Askew was called to the chair and Thos. J. Whitaker was requested to act as Secretary.

On motion a committee, consisting of William P. Ward, Richard Oldfield, Thos. J. Whitaker, and Wm. A. Cox, was appointed by the Chair to report resolutions for the consideration of the meeting, who retired a short time and reported the following preamble and resolutions for the action of the meeting, all of which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, it is the fundamental and inalienable right of the people of a republican government to meet together in a public capacity, from time to time, to take into consideration and adopt such measures and policy as shall best redound to the continuance of good government, and to review the acts and discuss the merits of those who enact and execute the laws, and condemn or approve, as in their judgement seemeth right, and whereas the time is near at hand when the people will be called upon to select from among their number a suitable person to fill the Executive chair of the State, and having unbounded confidence in the correctness and soundness of the time tried and honored principles of democracy, and believing the perpetuity of our government depends upon their continued ascendency, and through them the masses have to look for a full developement of their just and equal rights, Therefore

Resolved, That we, a portion of the Democrats of Jones County, in meeting assembled, do most cordially approve of holding the proposed State Convention at Raleigh, on the 19th instant, to nominate a Democratic candidate for Governor of North Carolina.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint delegates to attend said Convention, and having the fullest confidence in the discretion and wisdom of said Convention, we do pledge our cordial and hearty support of the nominee.

Resolved, That the Hon. David S. Reid, whose wise and patriotic administration has raised our beloved State to an honorable and commanding position among her sister States, deserves the lasting gratitude of the people, and in retiring from the Executive chair we extend to him our unanimous approval for the faithful discharge of his varied duties.

Resolved, That the administration of Franklin Pierce, our able and patriotic chief Magistrate, meets our most sanguine expectations, as laid down in his inaugural and first message, to which he has faithfully adhered, and receives our hearty approbation.

Resolved, That the unceasing and continued faultfinding of our political opponents of distinguished democrats and democratic measures is without any real foundation, arising alone from a spirit of envy, and while we deplore the motives we can but pity those who are blinded by it.

Resolved, That we reaffirm our confidence in the Democratic doctrine in regard to the public lands, that they are the property of all the States in common—should be held by the general government as agent, and the proceeds of the sales from time to time to be appropriated to defraying national expenditures.

Resolved, That in the Nebraska and Kansas bill is embodied and set forth the republican doctrine in regard to non-intervention in the Territories with respect to domestic slavery—and Senator Douglas for inserting it in the said territorial bill, and for his masterly and unanswerable defence of it, is entitled to a nation's thanks and a nation's honor.

Resolved, That we favor such an amendment of our State Constitution as shall place all her citizens exercising the privilege of voting upon an equality at the ballot box, which inestimable right they would soon have enjoyed but for the stubborn and concerted opposition of the Whigs, or a portion of them in the last Legislature; and furthermore, we favour such amendment by legislative enactment only.

Under the second Resolution the chairman appointed the following persons as delegates to the State Convention, viz: Richard Oldfield, Christopher D. Foy, George P. Young, Thomas S. Gillett, Christopher Meadows, Oliver S. Griffin, E. W. Haywood, W. P. Ward, Franklin Foy, Thos. D. Foy, J. H. Cox, Jacob Fields, G. W. Herriet, G. W. Hutson, Dr. W. N. Street, Thos. Harrison, David Harrison, J. H. Northercutt, Nathan Foscue, Fanifold Messer, John Messer, Sr. John Messer, jr. Jas. B. Stanly, Wm. P. Messer, John Q. Mallard, Ivy Andrews, A. C. Williams, John McDaniel, Elo's McDaniel, Freeman Hinds, Daniel Perry, Elijah Perry, John A. McDaniel, Eli Perry, Jacob F. Scott, James Pollock, Bazil McDaniel, L. S. Huggins, Aretas Gilbert, Wm. M. Green, C. Kinecy, William A. Cox, Job L. Jarmon, Merritt Jones, Jonas Williams, Lewis Williams, David Jones, Whitfield Turner, Lewis L. Turner, E. B. Isler, Wm. B. Becton, Joel A. Heath, Morris McDaniel, Daniel S. Brock, Freeman Smith, J. C. B. Koonce, Jas. A. Stanly, R. G. Roynolds, Dr. Leroy Chapell, John B. Bryan, James H. C. Bryan, Alexander Tilghman, Amos Shelfer, David Green, and Jos. Ballard. On motion of Wm. P. Ward, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list.

On motion of Dr. Leroy Chapell the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Chairman and Secretary for the discharge of their duty.

On motion it was ordered that the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary and forwarded to the North Carolina Standard and the North Carolina Republican for publication.

The meeting now adjourned.

BENJ. ASKEW, *Chm'n.*

THOS. J. WHITAKER, *Sec'y.*

DEM. MEETING IN MONTGOMERY.

According to previous appointment a portion of the Democrats of Montgomery met in the town of Troy, to appoint delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention, to be held in the City of Raleigh, on the 19th of this instant.

On motion of W. M. Peacock, Esq., Col. D. R. Cochran was called to the chair and A. W. McLennan appointed Secretary.

The Chairman called on W. M. Peacock to explain the object of the meeting, which was done in a brief and able manner.

On motion of W. McLennan, a committee of five was appointed to draft resolutions for the meeting, consisting of the following gentlemen, viz: W. M. Peacock, F. Martine, W. Coggin, J. J. Leach, M. B. McRae, who reported through their chairman, W. M. Peacock, the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we do cordially concur in the proposition to hold a Democratic Convention in the City of Raleigh, on the 19th instant, in order to nominate a candidate for the office of Governor.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Democratic party of North Carolina are due our present most excellent and worthy Governor, D. S. Reid, for the triumphant manner in which he has borne the Democratic banner in various heated contests, and also for the able and very satisfactory manner in which he has discharged his arduous duties as Governor of the State.

Resolved, That we cordially approve of the administration of President Pierce, and that his official acts have sternly contradicted the predictions of our opponents, the Whig party.

Resolved, That we are Democrats from principle, and that we conscientiously believe the doctrines which have ever been maintained by the great Democratic party lie at the very foundation of the perpetuity and welfare of our government.

Resolved, That twenty-five delegates be appointed to attend said Convention in the City of Raleigh, on the 19th instant.

Resolved, That we will give a cordial support to the nominee of the said Convention, having full confidence in the wisdom of that patriotic body.

These resolutions were unanimously received and adopted.

In compliance with the fifth resolution the following gentlemen were appointed as delegates, viz: T. C. Hatton, F. Martin, D. S. Monroe, W. M. Peacock, M. B. McRae, Y. B. Howell, Col. J. L. Gains, J. J. Leach, A. Monroe, B. L. Sanders, M. Gillis, E. Munn, M. Lemmons, Dr. C. Peacock, N. McKaskell, J. McLeod, J. McLennan, W. Coggin, M. Murchison, D. A. Leach, E. Howell, D. B. Leach, A. Campbell, Dr. A. McLennan.

On motion of M. Murchison, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the delegation.

On motion of the same, that the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the Fayetteville Carolinian and to the Raleigh Standard for publication.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

D. R. COCHRAN, *Chr'n.*

A. W. MCLENNAN, *Sec'y.*

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN CASWELL.

In pursuance of public notice a meeting of the Democrats of Caswell was held in the Court House, in the town of Yanceyville, on Tuesday, the 4th of April, 1854, for the purpose of appointing delegates to represent said County in the State Convention, to be held in the City of Raleigh, on the 19th instant.

On motion of Maj. Jno. A. Graves, the meeting organized by calling Dr. James E. Williamson to the chair and Capt. John N. Cobb to act as Secretary.

Whereupon, the Chairman called upon James N. Montgomery, Esq. to explain the object of the meeting, which he did in a few but pertinent and appropriate remarks; after which Maj. Jno. A Graves submitted the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, it is proposed to hold a Convention in Raleigh, on the 19th instant, for the purpose of selecting a Democratic candidate for Governor, now therefore be it

Resolved, That we approve of the holding of said Convention, and that the Chairman of this meeting appoint thirty delegates to attend the same.

Resolved, That David S. Reid is entitled to our thanks for the able and faithful manner in which he has discharged the responsible and arduous duties of his office.

Resolved, That we cordially approve of the administration of Franklin Pierce, a President who knows no North, no South, no East, no West, but the Union under the Constitution.

Resolved, That we approve of the Nebraska bill, and that the Senators and Representatives who have so gallantly supported it, have won our confidence and esteem.

Resolved, That the Resolutions of the late Baltimore Convention and the Resolutions of the last Democratic State Convention contain the articles of our political faith.

The meeting was then entertained by remarks from Richard J. Smith and Sam'l. P. Hill, Esqs.

In order to carry out the objects of the first resolution the Chair appointed the following delegates, viz: Dr. John Wilson, Rich'd Jones, James Poteat, Geo. Williamson, E. P. Jones, Sam'l. P. Hill, James N. Montgomery, Jno. A. Graves, Anthony Williamson, Will. Long, Rich'd. I. Smith, Dr. Standfield, Abner Miles, Elijah Graves, Sen., Will. Russell, John Boswell, John Bolden, Thos. Bigalow, Andy Woods, John L. Graves, E. Williams, Geo. Thompson, Solo. Corbett, N. J. Palmer, John S. Blackwell.

On motion the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list of delegates.

On motion of James N. Montgomery, Esq., the Secretary was directed to forward a copy of the proceedings to the Standard and Milton Democrat for publication.

There being no other business, the meeting adjourned.

JAS. E. WILLIAMSON, *Chr'n.*

JOHN N. COBB, *Sec'y.*

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN ONSLOW.

Pursuant no notice, a portion of the Democracy of Onslow county assembled in the Court House in Jacksonville, on Monday, the 3d day of April.

The meeting was called to order by Col. L. W. Humphrey, upon whose motion Jasper Etheridge, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Henry H. Sandlin and John F. Spicer, Esq's., were appointed Secretaries.

On motion of E. W. Fonville, Esq., a committee of six was appointed to report resolutions for the consideration of the meeting.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen, viz: L. W. Humphrey, E. W. Fonville, W. D. Humphrey, John A. Avirett, jr., Eli W. Sanders and James H. Foy.

The committee, after a short retirement, returned and reported, through their chairman, Col. Humphrey, the following:

WHEREAS, We shall soon be called upon to vote for some one to fill the Gubernatorial Chair, and, whereas, it is a time-honored custom to hold a Convention for that purpose; therefore

Resolved, That we approve of the proposition of holding a Convention in the City of Raleigh, on the 19th of April, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor.

Resolved, That the Chairman be authorized to appoint thirty delegats to represent Onslow in said Convention.

Resolved, That, though we will cherfully abide the decision of the Convention, and promise to sustain its nominee, we cannot refrain from expressing our preference for the Hon. John W. Ellis, and earnestly recommend his name to the consideration of the Convention.

Resolved, That the Hon. David S. Reid, for the able and faithful discharge of his duties as Governor, is entitled to our gratitude, and to the thanks of the people of the State.

Resolved, That we heartily approve and endorse the administration of the present Executive of the United States.

On motion of David E. Sandlin, Esq., the foregoing resolutions were unanimously adopted.

In obedience to the second resolution the Chairman appointed the following delegates, to-wit: John J. Whitehurst, W. H. Batson, J. W. Hardison, E. Philips, M. L. F. Redd, S. Shepard, W. D. Humphrey, T. Jarman, Stephen Dixon, J. A. Averitt, jr., J. G. Rhodes, Henry Jarman, L. W. Humphrey, Harvey Cox, J. H. Foy, B. M. Barry, D. E. Sandlin, B. Kellum, Eli W. Sanders, J. A. Costin, S. H. Henderson, W. J. Gibson, Thomas Henderson, E. Costin, R. S. McLean, E. W. Sanders, S. R. Holland, George Ward, S. O. Fonville and John Pearson.

On motion of Thomas Jarman, Esq., the Chairman and Secretaries were added to the delegation.

On motion, the Wilmington Journal and Goldsborough Republican were requested to publish the proceedings.

On motion, the meeting adjourned *sine die.*

JASPER ETHERIDGE, *Chm'n.*

H. H. SANDLIN, J. F. SPICER, } *Secretaries.*

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN HAYWOOD.

At a meeting of the Democracy of Haywood county, held in the Court House at Waynesville, on Tuesday the 28th of March—on motion of Dr. S. L. Love, the meeting was organized by calling Rob't. H. Penland to the chair, and appointing Rev. B. Turner Secretary. After some preliminary remarks, in explanation of the objects of the meeting, Dr. Sam'l L. Love introduced the following resolutions, which, on motion were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we approve the time and place appointed to hold the next State Democratic Convention, the 19th of April next, at Raleigh.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint twenty delegates to represent Haywood county in said Convention.

Resolved, That we will support the nominee of said Convention.

Resolved, That we reaffirm the principles of our party as laid down at Baltimore in 1852, and in our last State Convention.

Resolved, That we regard Free Suffrage as neither a "humbug" nor a "shadow," but a substantial and inviolable privilege, which all free men in the State should enjoy, and which we pledge ourselves to advocate until it shall be incorporated into the State Constitution by Legislative enactment.

Resolved, That we approve the administration of Franklin Pierce, and we accord to him and his cabinet the praise and honor which their able, honest and patriotic execution of the high trusts committed to their charge, so justly entitles them to.

Resolved, That we are in favor of an extention of the N. C. R. Road East and West; and fully sensible as we are of the vast importance of the work to this section of the State, we ask the Democratic party calmly to consider its probable effects upon *all parts of and every interest in* the State, satisfied that such an examination will recommend it to their cordial approbation.

Mr. Erwin, of Buncombe, who was present, was called out and addressed the meeting in defense of the Democratic party.

The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen as Delegates: Amos Plott, John Moody, John A. Henry, D. V. McCrackin, W. C. Hill, Spencer Walker, Col. J. L. Smith, Wm. Welch, E. B. Herren, Wm. Turner, Col. R. G. A. Love, Col. E. Blaylock, Jonathan Plott, Col. N. Edmondson, A. Ferguson, Mills Shook.

The Chairman and Secretary were added to the list of delegates, and the proceedings ordered to be published in the Asheville News and N. C. Standard.

On motion, Marcus Erwin, Esq., of Buncombe, was requested to act as a delegate from this county in the Convention, in case none of those appointed by the Chair should attend, and the meeting adjourned.

ROBERT H. PENLAND, *Ch'n.*

B. TURNER, *Sec'y.*

A few moments previous to the adjournment of the meeting, Col. John Baxter announced that he had been requested to reply to Mr. Erwin, and as soon as the meeting was over he took the stand and an animated debate of several hours duration ensued.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN DAVIE.

At a meeting of the Democrats of Davie County, held in the Court House in Mocksville, on the 28th March, 1854, on motion, Dr. Milton Hobbs was called to the Chair, and Col. Beal Ijames requested to act as Secretary.

On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed to draft resolutions for the action of the meeting, viz: Denton Ijames, M. D. Armfield, L. R. Rose, Charles Anderson and J. A. Clement, who after retiring reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we approve of the Democratic State Convention to be held in Raleigh on the 19th of April next, to nominate a Democratic candidate for Governor, and that the Chairman of this meeting appoint 20 delegates to represent the Democrats of this county in said Convention.

Resolved, That judged by impartial history, Hon. Stephen A. Douglas "deserves well of the Republic," and we approve of the Nebraska bill—by him introduced and so ably defended—especially that clause that repeals the Missouri Compromise, and permits the people of the South as well as the North, to migrate with their property to the new territory.

Resolved, That the inaugural address and annual message of President Pierce, vindicate him from the reckless charges of the recent campaign, and satisfy us that he is with us upon the new issue presented in the Nebraska bill, and against Sumner, Chase, Seward and other restrictionists of the North.

Resolved, That we view with great gratification, the successful administration of his Excellency, David S. Reid, and witness with pleasure the general evidence of popular approbation crowning its termination.

Resolved, That we believe the people of North Carolina have the right to alter their State Constitution, and they desire it amended so as to abolish the landed qualification for voters for the Senate, and that in the last two elections they have expressed a preference for the mode pointed out in the constitution, by legislative enactment; and for this reason, and also because we think it right and proper, we will support as heretofore, that measure of public justice, popularly known as Free Suffrage, alike from open attack and from the more dreadful, because covert assault by fair sounding and insidious amendments.

In pursuance of the first resolution, the following delegates were appointed, viz: A. G. Carter, M. G. Richards, D. Ijames, Geo. Wilson, Thos. Cheshire, D. Tuterow, D. C. Clement, A. M. Booe, Saml. Rose, J. B. Ellis, Beal Ijames, jr., Chas. Anderson, M. D. Armfield, W. B. Wilson, Beal Ijames, sr., S. R. Rose, J. M. Clement, Williamson Harris, Peter W. Hairston and Isaac N. Rich.

On motion,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to the editor of the Republican Banner, with the request that the N. C. Standard copy the same.

On motion of Geo. Wilson, the meeting adjourned.

M. HOBBS, *Chm'n.*

BEAL IJAMES, *Sec'y.*

THE AUTHOR OF THE HULSEMANN LETTER. The New York Evening Post, a few days ago, contained a letter from a Boston correspondent which stated that Mr. Edward Everett, during a late visit to that city, claimed, in a note addressed to Mr. Fletcher Webster, the authorship of the Hulsemann letter. Mr. Everett, it is said, wrote it at Mr. Webster's request, who was indisposed at the time. A second letter in the Post from the same correspondent says:

"Since I wrote you yesterday, I have learned the interesting *denoument* of Mr. Everett's and Mr. Fletcher Webster's correspondence. As I told you, the other executors, and such of the old friends of Daniel Webster as were informed of Mr. Everett's application, were very much excited; but when they learned that he ordered a thousand copies of the draft for general circulation, they were alarmed, and, after putting their heads together awhile, resolved that it must be stopped. They went to Mr. Everett, and, between arguments and threats, made him tear up the draft letter and abandon his pretentions forever."

The Boston Post, however, states that the story published by its namesake in New York is an old one, and intimates that there has been no correspondence between Mr. Everett and Fletcher Webster on the subject. It adds, however, that "the history of the Hulsemann correspondence is curious, and the publication of it would be very interesting. It may be given to the world one of these days."

A despatch from Boston says the disclosures made by the Post have created no excitement in that city, nor any ill feeling between the friends of Mr. Webster and Mr. Everett. Of the Hulsemann letter, the despatch says:

"The original draft of the letter was retirned to Mr. Everett more than a year ago by Mr. Webster's Literary Executors, and a printed copy taken, which, with the original, will be preserved among Mr. Everett's papers. He does not contemplate any publication."

The New York Day Book understands from reliable sources that the truth in regard to the authorship of the Hulsemann letter is nearly as follows:

"When Mr. Webster was at the North in the summer of 1851, recruiting his health, he sent for Mr. Everett and gave him the heads or points of the argument he desired to use in an answer to the Austrian letter to the President; knowing that Mr. Everett was better able to comprehend and write out his ideas than any other man living, he requested him to make a draft of a paper and submit it to him. Mr. Everett kindly gave himself up to the task, and in a few days handed Mr. Webster the Hulsemann letter. Mr. Everett's friends and Mr. Webster's friends knew all about it at the time, and no one then attempted or thought of giving Mr. Everett the credit of doing anything more than embodying Mr. Webster's ideas, in a form so as to be acceptable to him."

Mr. Webster, himself, at the banquet given to Kossuth, in Washington, on the 7th of January, made a speech, in which he thus referred to the Hulsemann letter:

"May I be so egotistical as to say that I have nothing now to say upon the subject of Hungary. Gentlemen, in the autumn of year before last, out of health, and retired to my paternal home among the mountains of New Hampshire, I was, by reason of my physical condition, confined to my house; but I was among the mountains, whose native air I was bound to inspire. Nothing saluted my senses, nothing saluted my mind or my sentiments, but freedom, full and entire, [applause;] and there, gentlemen, near the grave of my ancestors I wrote a letter, which most of you have seen, addressed to the Austrian Charge de Affaires. I can say nothing of the ability displayed in that letter, but as to its principles, while the sun and moon endure I stand by them."

THE RT. REV. BISHOP ATKINSON performed divine service in the Episcopal Church in this place, Sunday morning and afternoon. The Church was crowded upon both occasions, and the impression produced by the new Bishop upon this his first visitation to this neighborhood, was favorable in a flattering degree. His benignant countenance, simplicity of manner, and easy and graceful oratory, won the admiration of large and appreciative audiences. He does not read his sermons—indeed, he preached even without notes upon these occasions; and yet his discourses were well digested, well arranged, and well delivered—evincing a familiar acquaintance with his subjects, a disciplined mind and a ready command of language. During the afternoon services, on Sunday, the ordinance of confirmation was administered to a number of candidates.

Elizabeth City Pioneer.

"Jack?" said a pious coal dealer, "what kind of a morning is it?" "Very cold, sir, very." "Is the kennel froze?" "Yes, sir, hard." "Raise the coal a dollar a ton. God help the poor!"

Thirty-Third Congress.—First Session.

MONDAY, April 10, 1854.

SENATE.

Mr. Everett presented remonstrances from Massachusetts against the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Foot presented the same from Vermont.

Mr. Smith presented the same from Connecticut.

Mr. Seward presented a memorial in German from New York, that the word "slavery" wherever it occurs in the Nebraska bill be struck out. Also of 150 citizens of Washington county, New York, praying the prohibition of slavery in all the Territories, especially Nebraska; the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law; the prohibition of inter-State slave trade, and the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia. Also the following from New York: against the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, of citizens of Haverstown. Of 45 ministers of the gospel, of Rochester. Of the church and congregation of the Congregational church of Lebanon. Of citizens of Charleston. Of 350 citizens of Niagara county. Also of 1,672 citizens of Detroit, and of 60 citizens of Grand Rapids, Michigan. Also of 208 men and women of Northern New Hampshire.

He also presented two petitions from the city of New York in favor of Hansen's proposed line of steamers between Brooklyn and Europe. Also, three petitions in favor of the Homestead bill; two petitions in favor of religious freedom to American citizens in Europe, and others in favor of a reduction of ocean postage.

Mr. Fish submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to communicate to the Senate, if not incompatible with the public interest, copies of the correspondence of Mr. Barnard, late Minister of the United States in Prussia, with the United States Consul at Bremen, and of that Consul with the government of Bremen, relative to the case of Conrad Schmidt, a naturalized citizen of the United States, arrested at Bremen and detained there upon a requisition from the government of Hanover, claiming Schmidt as a subject of that kingdom. Also a copy of a letter addressed by Mr. Barnard, while Minister at Berlin, to his Majesty the king of Prussia, in October, 1852, on the subject of religious toleration, and of a despatch addressed by Mr. Barnard to the State Department reference thereto. Also, copies of the correspondence of the United States Legation at Berlin with the Minister of the Grand Duchy, of Baden at Berlin, in regard to the arrest and maltreatment of E. G. Dana, W. B. Dwight and Dr. Ramsey, citizens of the United States, at Heidelburg, in the Grand Duchy of Baden.

Mr. Weller—"Let the resolution lay over till tomorrow."

The bill providing for the construction of a railroad to the Pacific was taken up.

Mr. Gwin spoke until two o'clock in support of the constitutionality and expediency of the bill. The bill was then postponed.

After executive session till four o'clock, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Dean desired to lay before the House, and asked unanimeus consent for that purpose, a matter which at this time is of great importance to the commerce of the country. He had been instructed to offer the following by the committee on foreign affairs:

Resolved, That in the war which now seems impending in Eur pe, it is the duty as well as the manifest interest of the Government of the United States te observe and maintain a strict neutrality amnng all the belligerents, and, in the event of a war, the rights of our citizens and the security of our commerce demand the maintenance of the principle heretofore asserted, and strenuously contended for by this Government, but not hitherto admitted or established as the law of nations, that free ships make free goods, except as to articles clearly known as contraband of war, and that the neutral flag protects from unreasonable search and seizure the ships bearing it; and also that neutral property on board a vessel of any of the belligerents is not subject to seizure and confiscation.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested, if in his opinion not incompatible with the public interests, to communicate to this House whether any, and if any, what arrangements have been made, or what correspondence has taken place between this government and any of the governments of Europe, to establish the foregoing principles, as international law, and to protect the neutral commerce of the United States in the event of a war between any of the powers of Europe.

Objections were made to the reception of the resolution.

Mr. Dean moved a suspension of the rules.—Agreed to—yeas 100, nays 41.

Mr. Dean then spoke at some length in support of his resolutions; after which the Nebraska bill was taken up, and remarks made by Mr. McDonald. The House then adjourned.

The Senate, on the 11th, took up the bill granting credit duties on Railroad Iron. Judge Douglas moved to amend the bill, so as to admit Iron free of duty for three years.

In the House, Bennett's Land Bill was postponed for two weeks. The House, Committee of the Whole, Mr. Cullom of Tennessee spoke on the Nebraska question opposing it, and severely reflecting upon Senator Douglas.

A PURITAN SABBATH. As every matter connected with the social life and customs of the first settlers of New England is of much interest to their descendants, we propose, in a few short articles, to give as correct a description of "Sunday in New England" two hundred years ago, as we can collate from our former annals. The Puritan Sabbath commenced on Saturday afternoon. No labor was performed on the evening which preceded the Lord's Day. Early on Sunday morning the blowing of a horn, in some village, announced that the hour of worship was at hand; in other places, a flag was hung out of the rude building occupied by the church. In Cambridge, a drum was beat, in military style. In Salem, a bell indicated the opulence of the settlement. The religious services usually commenced at nine o'clock in the morning, and occupied from six to eight hours, divided by an intermission of one hour for dinner. The people collected quite punctually, as the law compelled their attendance, and there was a heavy fine for any one that rode too fast to meeting. The sexton called upon the minister and escorted him to Church, in the same fashion that the sheriff now conducts the Judge into our State Courts. The minister was clothed with mysterious awe and great sanctity by the people, and so intense was this sentiment, that even the minister's family were regarded as demi-gods. The Puritan Meeting House was an odd structure.

The first ones erected by the Colonists, were built of logs, and had a cannon on top. Those standing two centuries ago were built of brick, with a clay plastered over the courses and covered with clay-boards now called clap-boards. The roof was thatched as buildings are now seen in Canada East. Near the church edifice stood those ancient institutions—the stocks, the whipping post, and a large wooden cage to confine offenders against the laws. Upon the outside of the church, and fastened to the walls, were the heads of all the wolves killed during the season. In front of the church, in many towns, an armed sentry stood, dressed in the habiliments of war. There were no pews in the church. The congregation had places assigned them upon the rude benches, at the annual town meeting, according to their age and social position. "Seating the meeting house," as it was called, was a delicate and difficult business, as pride, envy and jealousy were active passions in those days. A person was fined if he occupied a seat assigned to another. The elders occupied seats beneath the pulpit. The boys were ordered to sit upon the gallery stairs, and as "boys always will be boys," three constables were employed to keep them in order. Prominent before the assembly some wretched male or female offender sat with a scarlet letter "A" or, "D," on the breast to denote some crime against the stern code. We make a few extracts from the laws of the New England Colonies respecting the Sabbath:

"The Sabbath day shall begin at sunset on Saturday."

"No woman shall kiss her children on the Sabbath or fasting day."

"No one shall run on the Sabbath day, or walk in his own garden or elsewhere, except reverently to and from meeting."

"No one to cross the river but with an authorized ferryman."

Boston Transcript.

CONDITIONAL LEGISLATION.

The practice, now become quite prevalent, of making laws to the people, is an invasion [illegible] is as base in its origin as [illegible] in its consequences. [illegible] lose the virtue [illegible] did not attempt to [illegible] responsibilities of duty. But the spirit of demagogueism is as fatal to personal courage as to genuine patriotism, and when men began to make the interests of the State subordinate to schemes of individual aggrandizement, they lost the dignity and the manliness of character which shrink not from the responsibilities of public duty. Then did they begin to invent devices for evading the just responsibility of their position, and then for the first time was introduced the expedient of conditional legislation. This supplemental piece in the machinery of government, owes its paternity to the inventive genius whence sprung the idea of wooden nutmegs and liquor laws; and however effective in accomplishing the purposes of its origin, it cannot escape the censure of being inconsistent with the theory of representative government.

A pure democracy, wherein all the powers of government are exercised directly and immediately by the people themselves, is scarcely less inimical to the idea of Republicanism, than an absolute monarchy. The exigencies of society and the progress of civilization developed the theory of representative government, by which the powers inherent in the people are delegated to responsible agents. Thus, by the constitution of Virginia the legislative powers of government are vested in the two houses of the General Assembly; the Executive powers in a Governor, and the Judiciary powers in the various. This delegation of powers implies the idea of duty, and these particular agencies are constituted for these special purposes. The exercise of the powers imposed upon the several departments of the government, is not a matter of discretion but of absolute obligation; nor can they be neglected or transferred to other agencies. Thus the Executive can neither refuse to discharge its duties, nor entrust them to another. The Judiciary is bound by a similar obligation and restriction; and the General Assembly can no more transfer the power of legislation to the people, than can the Governor transfer the power of pardon, or the courts the power of judicial decision. What should we think of an Executive or a Judicial decree made *subject to the approval of the people?* No less absurd is the idea of a conditional legislation, which is void or valid according to the result of a popular vote. As an individual legislator cannot vote by proxy, so neither can the legislative body enact laws by proxy. Each possesses a delegated power, which, by its nature, is incapable of transfer. The action of the Legislature within its legitimate sphere, is complete and final. The Constitntion makes it so, and the Legislature cannot defeat the purpose and provisions of the Constitution.

The people reserve a control over legislation, by means of the courts, and by the agency of *instruction* and *repeal*. They may remonstrate against the enactment of any measure; they may elect a Legislature with a view to the repeal of an obnoxious statute, and the courts may pronounce a law unconstitutional. This modern expedient of conditional legislation, is, therefore, as useless as it is absurd and illegal. It is neither necessary to give efficiency to the popular will, nor essential as a restraint on legislation. Its only purpose is to furnish timid and unworthy legislators with a means of escape from the responsibility implied in the very idea of representative government, and imposed upon them by the provisions of the Constitution and the election of the people.

The policy derives no countenance from the practice of submitting plans of constitution to the judgment of the people. There is no analogy between ordinary and *constitutional* legislation in this regard.

A constitution is a delegation of sovereign power and must therefore have the sanction of the sovereign people. Ordinary legislation implies simply an exercise of power already granted by act of the people. The Constitution prescribes the mode of its exercise, and every act of legislatian is complete and valid if done in pursuance of the Constitution.

We have said the practice is vicious and corrupting in its influence. It is incapable of limitation. If one enactment may be made conditional on the result of a popular vote, so may every other enactment. An expedient which so happily relieves the skulking politician from responsibility in one instance, will not rust from want of use. And thus, the inevitable tendency of the system is to the ultimate subversion of the theory of representative government. The Legislature will cease to be an independent and perfect department of government, and will become simply an agency for suggesting measures of legislation to the people. The effect upon the character of public men will be not less deplorable. As the Roman Senate degenerated under the overshadowing influence of imperial power into a servile instrument of a despotic will, so must the Legislative body, in a representative Government, become an assembly of timid, corrupt and compliant demagogues, if their only duty be to consult the passions of the multitude, and their only power to suggest measures for popular approval.

Rich. Enquirer.

THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER. Mr. Clingman, of North Carolina, in his late able speech in the House, has the following just remarks in regard to the National Intelligencer:

"The gentleman from Georgia, [Mr. Stephens,] I remember commented upon the course of the National Intelligencer. Now, I think that Journal is a faithful exponent of the party I allude to. Its regard for the Missouri Compromise has been assumed only for the present occasion. I remember very well that during the struggle, up to 1850, that paper never came out for this Missouri line, although the South was battling for it for years; nor did it once assert our right to occupy the territory in common with the people of the North, clear and indisputable as that right was. Its whole weight and influence were covertly but adroitly thrown against us, and on the anti-slavery side. I never attributed this course to any love of liberty on the part of the conductors of that paper. On the contrary, in every struggle between liberty and despotism, it takes the side of despotism; in every contest between the United States and any foreign country, it takes ground against the United States. It would be marvellous if our government were, in fact, always wrong on every issue with a foreign nation. I presume, therefore, that it is because ours is the freest government upon earth that this jornal is always found taking sides against it and for our enemies. As to our internal policy, it is the faithful organ of that party which has labored industriously, as you and I well know, sir, to destroy all the limitations of the federal constitution, and substitnte an absolute central government in its stead. These people have taken their opinions mainly from the tory press and the tory party of England; and those opinions happen to be anti-slavery as well as anti-republican. They seem to desire no higher honor than to have the privilege of adopting and defending everything which comes from these sources."

AN INCIDENT. In the Western section of the city lives a man whose name, although stained with no particular crime, is mentioned mostly with horror; for his life, it is said, has been one continued scene of wrangling, disorder and strife. Shunned, except by the vicious, he is deemed a nuisance by the so called virtuous and good. He is poor. In the same section dwells a man, a merchant of many ships, who has helped to build up many churches, whose name is prominent in the list of subscribers for the benefit of the heathens. His name is always mentioned with praise. This latter, this morning, was met on the street by an aged woman, whose tattered garments, and whose emaciated countenance bespoke her an object of real charity, and was implored by her for alms. His ear was deaf to the pleadings of her necessities, and gathering up the folds of his costly mantle, lest it should touch the rags of imploring age, he passed, and thought of his ships, and his merchandise, and his name at the end of a list to feed the dwellers in an isle of a far off ocean. The other, the shunned and the despised, was met by the same woman, and was likewise beseeched for charity. The pale face of the pleader, her trembling tone and bowed and broken frame, were glanced at by him, and the purse of the poor man was opened and the heart of the needy made glad. This needs no comment—it is decidedly, as we have termed it, an incident.

Balt. Times.

Envy is a worm which corrodes the breast, and makes those who cherish it miserable because others are happy.

$100 REWARD.—A PROCLAMATION BY His Excellency, DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State of North Carolina.

It has been represented to me that one Willis Hester stands charged with the capital felony of negro-stealing in the County of Orange in this State; and that the said Willis Hester has fled from justice and escaped beyond the limits of this State.

Now, therefore, to the end that said Willis Hester may be arrested and brought to justice, I do hereby issue this, my Proclamation, offering a reward of four hundred dollars for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Orange County, in the town of Hillsborough.

Description.

Willis Hester is described as follows: Supposed to be about forty years of age, has dark eyes and hair, is about 5 feet 8 inches high, rather thick set; generally clean shaved but some times wears false whiskers and moustache, is fond of showing his money and bragging about it, has a down look and is quick in his motions; generally wears blue leggings and a fur or cloth cap and is well informed and polite in his manners. When last heard from he was in South Carolina.

(SEAL.) Given under my hand and attested with the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, this March 23d, A. D., 1854.

By the Governor. DAVID S. REID.

SAM'L E. ADAMS, jr., *Private Secretary.*

Raleigh, March 25, 1854. 37—6t.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.—DUPLIN COUNTY, Superior Court of Law, Spring Term, 1854. Eliza M. Gwyer vs. George Gwyer.—Petition for Divorce.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that George Gwyer, the defendant in this case, is not a resident of this State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of the Law can not be served upon him. On motion, it is, therefore, ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, a weekly newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, and also in the Patriot and Republican, a weekly newspaper published in the Town of Goldsborough, for three months, notifying said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court to be held for the County aforesaid in the Town of Kenansville, on the fourth Monday in September next, and plead, answer or demur to the same, or the matter will be heard exparte and a decree taken pro confesso as to him.

In testimony whereof, I, Edw'd. P. Routledge, Clerk of said Court, hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office, at Kenansville, this 31st day of March, 1854.

E. P. ROUTLEDGE, Clerk.

April 10, 1854. 42—w3m.

IMPORTANT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity for the County of Nash, made in the case of Gray Sills and others against William D. Battle and others, the Clerk and Master will expose to sale to the highest bidder on a credit of twelve months, at the residence of Dr. Gray Sills in Nash County, on Monday the 15th day of May next, a valuable tract of land, containing about twelve hundred and fifty acres, lying in the said county of Nash, and adjoining the lands of Dr. Gray Sills, Benjamin Wheless and others.

This land is considered very valuable as it lies in a good neighborhood, and in the immediate vicinity of the Belford and Castalia Schools. Dr. Gray Sills, Maj. J. J. Thomas or W. H. Harrison, Esqr., would take pleasure in going over the land with any person who might wish too see it before the day of sale.

Bond with approved sureties will be required of the purchaser. B. H. BL

The Standard.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1854.

☞ The DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION will assemble in the City of Raleigh on Wednesday the 19th instant. Come up, fellow-Democrats, to the Convention. We desire to see as many of you here as possible. The weather will be fine, the roads good, and you can travel comfortably. Let no consideration of an ordinary character prevent you from being present on this interesting and important occasion.

☞ We present below, for the information of the people, several contrasts between the opinions of leading Whigs on the subject of a State Convention:

Resolution of the late Whig Convention.

6. *Resolved*, That we are of opinion that the people of North Carolina desire a change in the Constitution of the State, and that this can be most wisely and safely done by a Convention of delegates, elected by the people; therefore, we recommend to the Legislature to call such a Convention, and in submitting the election of delegates to the people, so to provide as to preserve the present basis of representation in the Legislature.

Extract from the speech of N. W. Woodfin, Esq., in the Legislature of 1850.

Why not trust the people to make these amendments for themselves? Why not allow them to have one free and unrestricted Convention? * * Is it denied them because they are not to be trusted? Who has the right to withhold it? *or to prescribe limitations?* * * Are the people less capable of self-government than they were in the infancy of the Republic? If so, it might be said truly that the experiment has failed. Yes, *the objection amounts to an allegation that they are incapable of self-government.*

From the Raleigh Register of 22d March.

The Whig party in its late Convention, acted upon patriotic and conciliatory principles, *whatever may be said to the contrary by either covert or open enemies.*"

Would it be wise for the West to insist upon an open Convention, which they cannot get under the existing opinions of the East, and forego the opportunity of having other changes made in the Constitution, in which all are equally interested?

From the Greensborough Patriot of March 18.

As much as to say—"We believe the people desire their Constitution changed—we therefore recommend that they assemble in Convention for such purpose—but that they be not permitted to change it in certain particulars which we point out!" * We can never, with our republican notions of popular rights, swallow such logic as this. * The 6th Resolution [the one above] is neither *manly* nor *wise*, but *ungenerous* and *ridiculous*.

What will the Register say to that? The signers of the Western Address and Western Whigs generally, feel that they have been trifled with by the late Whig Convention, and some of them boldly avow themselves for Free Suffrage by the Legislature and against a limited Convention; while Eastern Whigs know that there was no sound reason for recommending a Convention of any sort. The Register's "patriotic and conciliatory" policy is likely to have "open" as well as "covert enemies."

How can Mr. Woodfin—how can the thirty-seven signers of the famous Western Address support Gen. Dockery, who plants himself on the 6th Resolution?

The Register, it is obvious, regards the Greensborough Patriot as a "covert" enemy; and the Patriot has been denounced accordingly. The denunciation, it is true is not open, but the Patriot and its friends—including Mr. Gilmer—understand it.

Such is the consistency of the Whig party, as represented by its leaders. And now what will the people do? Will they go with these men, *who cannot even agree among themselves?* Or with the Democratic party, opposed as it is to a Convention whether proposed to be limited or not, and in favor of Free Suffrage by legislative enactment, the mode pointed out by the Constitution, and *already sanctioned by two-thirds*, save one, *of the people's representatives.*

WAKE COUNTY.

We have published, at the request of a number of friends, a call for a Convention of the Democrats of Wake, to be held on Monday of the ensuing May Court, to nominate candidates for the Legislature. It would appear to be unnecessary to argue to the Democrats of Wake in favor of party organization and union. They have triumphed heretofore as the result of union, and they have only to glance at the past to be impressed with its importance in the present crisis. We know, as they do, that the federal leaders of the County, and especially of this City, are making large calculations upon our expected disagreements and divisions; and they will avail themselves at once of the smallest breach in our ranks.

"United, we stand; divided, we fall."

We trust our friends in the various Captain's Districts will hold meetings and appoint delegates to the proposed Convention. Let the Convention be as full a one as possible, so that there may be no room for complaining of its action. A full representation and an acceptable ticket, which we feel sure can be agreed upon, will ensure us victory.

CHARLESTON. The Editor of the Petersburg Express, who was Charleston on the 9th, in attendance on the Commercial Convention, says: "The Market House, some three quarters of a mile in length, was brilliantly illuminated with gas last night and presented a most inviting and handsome appearance. Meats, fowl and fish abounded in the greatest profusion, and fruits and vegetables were for sale in great varieties, but not very abundant. The recent cold spell has retarded the growth of early fruits and vegetables. I noticed, among other fruits, delicious strawberries, and in vegetables, there was quite a sprinkling of asparagus, green peas, tomatoes and cucumbers. The gardens of the city are filled with flowers, and the air is burdened with the perfume of these beautiful specimens of God's handi-work."

☞ We learn that Gen. Dockery, the federal candidate for Governor, addressed the people at Edenton a few days since, and was replied to by Mr. Bragg. We understand the triumph of Mr. Bragg over the federal candidate was most complete. Several prominent Whigs in Chowan have declared they will not support Dockery, and among them, it is rumored, Hugh Collins, Esq., a candidate for the House of Commons. Dockery stock is indeed below par. This is the substance of the information we receive from all quarters of the State.

FRANKLIN SUPERIOR COURT. We are informed that the trial of Eaton Keith, for the murder of Napoleon Blake, was on Wednesday last continued by his Honor Judge Caldwell, for the absence of several material winesses. The prisoner has been remanded to the jail of Wake County for safe keeping until the next term. The Burwell mill suit, from Granville County, which attracts a good deal of public attention in that section, was also continued.

☞ We learn that Mr. John Thomas, federalist, has declared himself a candidate for the House of Commons in Franklin County. Mr. Thomas is an old and experienced electioneerer, but he can be easily defeated by organization and union on the part of the Democracy.

☞ One of the *arguments* of the Raleigh Star against the administration of President Pierce is that of—"*Brigadier*"! The Star twinkleth wittily. Whig wit, as intensified and radiated from our Tri-weekly twinkler, is to call the President a "Brigadier." What next?

HOPES TO HEAR FROM

The Register learns that [illegible] is moving [illegible] and that [illegible] Court House, but the Editor [illegible] the speech. He says he hopes to receive an account of the discussion.

The news was had for federalism, or the Register would have had it almost by express. A "General" who is defeated in battle is not apt to be reported promptly; and so it was in this case. The adherents of the federal nominee, having but little if any thing to say for him, concluded to say nothing.

The Register is evidently uneasy—the General may have forgotten his lesson, and may make more blunders than that paper can correct. He made a good beginning in this respect at Smithfield, when he said he gave Free Suffrage the "first long, big, heavy lick" when, as *he* stated, he voted as he did not vote, in the Convention of 1835 to extend to the people the right to elect their Governor. But Gen. Dockery, we beg leave to assure the Register, is in good hands. A few more rounds from "Bragg's Battery" will dissable him so far that he will not be likely to inflict as much injury upon the Whig cause as the Register apprehends. We beseech our interesting cotemporary, therefore, to be as calm as the circumstances will permit. The price of "*gwanny*," we are glad to state, has not advanced; and the fears indulged in certain quarters that our farmers will not be able to purchase the article for their "poor lands" without a lift from the general government, are now considered not well founded. We shall still have "*gwanny*," if we want it, whoever may be Governor.

DR. BAIRD'S LECTURE.

Dr. Baird delivered, on Tuesday and Wednesday evening last, in the Session House of the Presbyterian Church in this City, interesting lectures on the past and present condition of Europe, and especially of Russia, Greece, and Turkey.

His lecture on Tuesday evening was confined mainly to Russia, and that on Wednesday embraced Greece and Turkey. These lectures were replete with important information in relation to the habits, condition, and religions of the peoples, and of the strength of these empires; and they were listened to with marked attention by the audience. The style of the lecturer is easy, conversational, and though abounding in detail, not at all calculated to exhaust the patience of the hearer. He appears to seek more to give facts (gathered from long residence and personal observation) and leave the auditor to draw his own conclusions, than to announce for himself positive opinions and conclusions. We listened to both lectures with gratification and profit.

At the close of the lecture on Wednesday evening, on motion of Rev. Dr. Lacy, the thanks of the audience were unanimously tendered to Dr. Baird, with the request that he would, at some convenient time, lecture more at length on the condition of Europe.

"The western Whigs scout the idea of a limited convention as an insult to them. They will, in preference, vote for a Democratic candidate for Governor and Legislature, pledged to go for equal suffrage by legislative enactment." *Wil. Journal.*

It is astonishing what lively imaginations some people possess. The "Journal" has no shadow of authority for the foregoing statement. As yet, we have seen but in one quarter, (where, least of all, we expected to see it,) any open expression of dissatisfaction with the action of the recent Whig Convention. The Whigs of Macon—the extreme Western county—but a few days since, gave it their emphatic and distinct approval. *Raleigh Register.*

Our friend of the Journal is able to answer for himself; but we ask leave to make an extract or two for the information of the Register. The last Asheville News says:

"It is becoming more apparent every day that the Convention Resolution in the Whig Platform cannot unite the Whig party in this State. Among the *honest people* in this section it has been received with the scorn and derision it so richly merits, and we are credibly informed that not more than one of the self constituted leaders of the Whig party in this District favors it. Most of them, we understand, *disapprove* of it, and some, it is rumored, are almost in an attitude of open rebellion against it. Can the people support a party which openly disavows and repudiates the principles of its own party Convention?"

The News says further:

"While some of the Federal papers are keeping up a great noise, and endeavoring to make the world believe the nomination of Gen. Dockery, "with the platform annexed," meets the approval of mankind in general, and of every member of the Whig party in particular, it is amusing to watch the under current, and see the wry faces, and hear the maledictions, not loud but deep, poured upon the heads of those who composed the late Grand Political Abortion at Raleigh. That portion of the Wnig party in this end of the State who have heretofore been most active in advocacy of a White Basis, are in a most delightful "fix." *Party* is their supreme god, and yet if they take Dockery and the Platform, they give the lie to their whole past history. The thing is narrowed down to this, and nothing more: they stand before the public deeply committed against a *restricted* Convention, and if they support Dockery they seal their own death warrant. If they do *not* support him, they will be kicked out of the party, excommunicated and declared heretics. Street rumors in regard to a third and White Basis candidate, have been rife here for some days. What these rumors are worth, in point of truth, we pretend not to know. One thing, however, is certain—great dissatisfaction prevails among the Whigs, and we *know* of some very prominent members of that party who declare they prefer the Democratic mode of amending the Constitution, by Legislative enactment, to a *restricted, cramped, anti-Republican Convention.*

We pretend not to see further through a millstone than any one else, but we predict that such a defeat as awaits Alfred Dockery was never experienced by any man in North Carolina."

A MAN KILLED. On Tuesday evening (the 11th) a man named Thompson, of Warren County, was run over by the mail train between Littleton and Macon Depots on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad. A curve on the road prevented the engineer from seeing him until it was too late to stop the engine, though every effort was made to do so. The body was very much mangled, but no blood followed, which circumstance, and a man being seen running from the road to the woods a moment before, gives rise to some suspicion of foul play. Of course an investigation will be held.

MR. CLINGMAN'S SPEECH. The Washington Correspondent of the Baltimore Times says: "Mr. Clingman's speech meets with much complimentary notice. It is the ablest of his life, and it is really a fair, lucid and not-to-be-answered statement of the rise, progress and present condition of the slavery question. It demonstrates the rottenness of Northern Whiggery upon the subject, and vindicates the independent position of Mr. Clingman, in a manner which will not weaken it."

HYDE COUNTY. We learn that the candidates for the Commons in Hyde County are Dr. Milton Selby, Democrat, and David M. Carter, Esq., federalist. Col. Richard Inge Wynn, it appears, has been set aside by "old fogy" federalism in Hyde.

Dr. Selby is a gentleman of fine abilities and a sterling Democrat. We hope to have the pleasure of recording his election.

W. W. AVERY, ESQ.

The last Asheville News contains a Card, which we insert below, from W. W. Avery, Esq., declining to have his name brought before the Convention in connection with the nomination for Governor. We heartily concur with the News in its tribute to Mr. Avery's past services and sterling character as a Democrat. As the News truly says: "Mr. Avery has labored faithfully for the Democratic party during many years, and no member of the party is more highly or more justly esteemed. The Democracy of this District, especially, and of the State generally, feel that they owe him a debt of gratitude for past services, and when an opportunity is offered, they will gladly and cheerfully pay it. The charge of ambition, so frequently and so justly urged against politicians, cannot stand against him. His services have been given to the cause of Democracy from an abiding sense of the soundness and purity of his principles, and not from any desire for promotion. Several public meetings have expressed a preference for Mr. A., and his friends will learn with regret his determination not to offer his name to come before the Convention."

MORGANTON, March 28th, 1854.

To the Editor of the Asheville News:

DEAR SIR: Having received, within the past week or two, several letters from Delegates appointed to attend the State Democratic Convention, soliciting me to allow my name to be presented before the Convention as a candidate for the nomination, I beg leave to reply to these communications through the columns of your paper.

Considerations entirely personal would prevent me from accepting the nomination if tendered, and I therefore desire that my name should not be used in the Convention in that connection.

I feel very grateful to my friends for the partiality manifested in associating my name with so distinguished a position, and if I supposed that our success in the ensuing campaign was to be affected by my determination, I should not hesitate to offer up my own private interests as a sacrifice upon the altar of our cherished principles; but there are so many distinguished men of our party, whose names have been mentioned in connection with the nomination, and who combine all the elements necessary to success, that I feel assured that my name can be withdrawn without impairing, in any degree, our chances for victory.

We have every reason to anticipate a glorious triumph at the approaching election, whether our standard-bearer hails from the East or from the West; and by union, concert, harmony and organization, victory will be certain. As a private soldier in the ranks my humble efforts shall be exerted, as heretofore, to promote the principles of the Democratic party, believing their establishment as the fixed, permanent political faith of our people, will allay sectional agitation, and contribute to the advancement of all the great interests of the State.

Respectfully,
Your obedient serv't,
W. W. AVERY.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

WASHINGTON, April 10.

The Nebraska Bill—A Northern Man Rebuking Free Soilism and Political Clergymen—Probable Passage of the Bill—Mr. Gwin on the Pacific Railroad—The Gadsden Treaty the Hulsemann Letter.

This morning Mr. McDonald of Maine, commenced opening his batteries on Free Soilism Abolitionism and Clerical interference with politics. His attack resembled in boldness and intrepidity the great attack made by his namesake, Marshal McDonald, on the morning of the celebrated battle of Wagram. The speech was a fearless one, and did much honor to his courage and devotion to the Constitution and the Union. Mr. McDonald denied the right of the Legislature to instruct him, pitched into the Hartford Convention, and by a bold and skillful manœuvre, charged the enemies of the Nebraska bill in front and on the left wing. His speech was listened to with great attention, and is very favorably commented upon by the friends of the bill.

Mr. McD. was followed by Mr. Faulkner, of Virginia, on the same side, in a speech delivered with great fluency, and embodying all the arguments in favor of the bill which can be presented by a Southern man. Nebraska has had a fine day of it, and it is clear that the bill, if brought up any time in July or August, will receive a majority of the votes. The Clayton amendment, however, refusing the right of suffrage to aliens who, though they may have filed their preliminary declaration, have not yet been five years in the country, to become citizens, is sure to be first knocked out of the bill.

Dr. Gwin made his great speech on the Pacific railroad, exhausting all the arguments which a statesman and true friend of the measure could bring to its support. No speech delivered in Congress for many years past has produced greater effect in the Senate, or can be read more profitably for the sake of instruction by the general reader. It was after the delivery of this speech that the Senate went into executive session to consider the Gadsden treaty, which appropriates a large sum of money for the right of way to the Pacific, and this circumstance certainly augurs in favor of the resuscitation of the treaty.

It is said that, should the present treaty be rejected, Santa Anna will refuse to sign another; so, if we want a treaty with Mexico at all, we must try to perfect the present one by means of amendments. It is for the Senate to consider how much this suggestion is entitled to respect.

Chevalier Hulsemann, re-appointed *Charge D'Affaires* of Austria to the United States, is said to be exceedingly indignant in regard to the claim set up by Mr. Everett to the authorship of the Hulsemann letter. He says he has a right to know by whom he was whipped, and considers Mr. Everett's interference as an attempt to stab him in the dark.

X.

The two paragraphs below, which we clip from different exchanges, contain a lesson, the moral of which should be deeply impressed upon the mind of every young man in the country:

1. "Hon. Thos. F. Marshall, of Kentucky, who made such a sensation twelve years ago as a Temperance Lecturer, has again become a sottish drunkard."

2. "Prof. Hewlett, known as a Temperance Lecturer a few years ago, has again taken to his cups."

How hard it is, when the demon of intemperance has once securely bound his chains about his victim, for him ever again to throw off his shackles! Young man, be not too sanguine; give no heed to the syren whispers that you can check the habits of excessive indulgence when once they are formed. You cannot do it. The only safe course is to remain free from the start. The two cases cited in the above paragraphs are but samples of the thousands that might be mentioned all around you. How many do you know, who have once become the slaves of intemperance, that are now really free from its chains? Few—very few. There may be some; but even of that small number a part may yet fall, while those who escape will do it "as by the skin of their teeth." Then tamper not with the seductive foe, it is like playing with the fangs of the asp.

Warrenton News.

A JOLLY PAPER. One of the most "Jolly" papers in the united world is the Raleigh Register. Come what may, it always "continues to receive the most cheering intelligence from the West;" and even in adversity, this consolation does not desert it. It keeps on receiving it until after the election. It did when Mr. Manly was a candidate; it did when Mr. Kerr was a candidate; and now, when Mr. Dockery is a candidate, there is no end (until August) to the "cheering intelligence." Strange enough, the "cheering intelligence" in the last Register—that of the 8th—is only copied from the Asheville Spectator. The Editor and his correspondents were busy—nothing could be done in the original way—but, as "cheering intelligence" must be had, the Spectator was put under contribution.

Wilmington Journal.

The unimproved lands of Oregon are so barren that a surveyor out there writes: "I think the United States ought to make Great Britain take it all back or fight. Thank God, we did not get up to 54 40; 40 is bad enough."

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS.

NEW POST OFFICE. We understand from one of the Agents on the Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road, that a new Post Office has been established on that Road, to be called "Flowersville," S. C. The office is between "Fair Bluff," N. C. and "Little Pee Dee," S. C. *Wil. Journal.*

PARTICULARS OF THE OUTRAGE IN ASHE. We have recently heard the particulars of one of the most diabolical outrages ever perpetrated in either a savage or civilized community. It occurred in Ashe county, in this State. We had before heard some rumors of it, but only a few days ago learned the particulars.

It seems that a man, named Mitchell, had a negro man hired, who slept in the loft of the house in which Mr. Mitchell lived. During the absence of Mr. M., this negro, together with another negro, and a white man named Whitaker, outraged the person of Mrs. Mitchell and then murdered her. The particulars are too revolting for publication. The negro that was hired to Mr. M. made a full confession, implicating the other two named. He was tried at Ashe Court, two weeks ago, and convicted, but sentence was not passed against him, in order that he may be a competent witness against the other negro, who will be tried next fall in Wilkes county.

There being no competent testimony against Whitaker, though scarce a doubt is entertained of his guilt, he was not brought to trial; but we learn that a number of citizens caught him one night, a week or two ago, and after stripping him to his pantaloons, proceeded to give him a hundred lashes, well laid on. He was then hung until nearly dead, when he was taken down and permitted to revive, and then hoisted again. This process was repeated three several times. When taken down the third time he was thought to be dead, but in the darkness he managed to slip off, and that is the last we have heard of him.

As a general thing we are opposed to Lynch law, but in a case like this, we deem it not only justifiable, but commendable. The scoundrel ought to have been suffered to hang a little longer.

Salisbury Banner.

ATLANTIC RAIL ROAD. An election is to be held in Craven County on the 4th of next month, to decide whether or not that County shall subscribe $150,000 to the stock of the Atlantic Railroad, that is, of a Railroad continuing the North Carolina Railroad to the seaboard at some point on Beaufort Harbor. The question is submitted to the people in pursuance of an order of the last County Court of Craven County.

The question of a subscription of fifty thousand dollars to the same Road is to be submitted to the voters of Lenoir County. These County subscriptions are to be made by virtue of authority in the Bill Chartering the Road.

LAUNCHED. On Saturday afternoon last, about 5 o'clock, the pilot boat Wm. L. Leitch, was launched in beautiful style, from the ship yard of B. W. Beery, on the opposite side of the river. She is of the burthen of 65 tons, and was built by Mr. Beery for Lee, Gladden & Co., of Charleston. The Leitch is of a beautiful model, and constructed of the best materials. *Wilmington Herald.*

CANADA CORN. William Voss, Esq., of this county, has favored us with some Canada Prolific Corn, of his own raising. Mr. Voss was induced to try the experiment of growing this variety of corn from reading an article in this paper, in January, 1853. He accordingly procured some seed, and the experiment has proved successful in every way, with an increasing yield over the common corn, as set forth in the article alluded to. Each grain produced from three to eight stalks, and each stalk two or three ears. It is a beautiful, full, smooth, plump, well shaped white corn. *Salem Press.*

SALE OF COPPER ORE. In New York, on the 8th i st., one hundred and fifty tons of North Carolina Copper Ore, were sold at $3,50 per ton for 1 per cent of yield. *Wilmington Journal*

LIGHT HOUSE KEEPERS APPOINTED. At Willough Spit, North Carolina, John W. Vaugher, $500 per annum. At Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, W. B. O'Neal and H. B. O'Neal, assistants, $300 per annum.

THE NORTH EASTERN (S. C.) RAILROAD. The stockholders of this Company held their annual meeting some time since at Charleston, S. C. The following extracts from the close of the President's report are of interest to this part of North Carolina:

"We cannot close," says he, "without brief reference to the importance of a Road from Cheraw to Raleigh, in North Carolina, so deflected as to pass through the valuable Coal formation of that State. The freight upon a ton of Coal from Philadelphia is equivalent to the cost of transportation from the Coal Fields of North Carolina to Charleston. Connecting Cheraw with Raleigh, we shall have an uninterrupted line of communication, and in the most direct route with Washington.

"Savannah, with her characteristic enterprise, is pushing her Road towards the Gulf with zeal and vigor. This completed, the travel from Pensacola, will strike the great sea-board route at Savannah, passing through Charleston; thence by Cheraw to Raleigh, and by the Raleigh and Gaston Road to Petersburg, at which point he will unite with the chain of Roads leading to the extreme North."

FARMER'S BANK.—At the annual general meeting of the Stokholders of the Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, which was held in this place, pursuant to public notice, and in conformity with the Charter of said Institution, on the first Monday of April inst., the following persons were duly elected Directors of said Bank for the year commencing the 3d day of April, 1854, to wit:—Joseph H. Pool, Robinson White, William Shannon, Jas. M. Whedbee, L. J. Johnson.

On the following day, Tuesday the 4th inst., Joseph H. Pool, R. White, Wm. Shannon and Jas M. Whedbee, Esqrs., met at the office of deposit and discount of the Farmer's Bank of N. C., in E. City, and held an election for President, Cashier and Teller of said Bank for the current year—when Joseph H. Pool, Esq., was re-elected President. W. W. Griffin was re-elected Cashier, and George W. F. Dashiell was re-elected Teller. *Old North State.*

ANOTHE PLANK ROAD.—We are pleased to learn that a branch plank road is in contemplation from this place to Farmington, in Davie county, by way of Clemmonsville, a distance of about 23 miles; in fact the construction of the road is almost placed beyond contingency, as nearly sufficient stock has already been subscribed.

This road will cross the Yadkin river at or near Hall's Ferry, and lead into one of the richest farming regions in this section of country. *Salem Press.*

STABBING CASE. In the upper part of the town, on Saturday evening last, a man by the name of George Costin, was so severely stabbed in the right side by Peter G. Tilly, as to render his recovery extremely doubtful. The particulars of the unfortunate affair we have heard, but, as of course, the matter will undergo a judicial examination, we forbear comment. Tilly, shortly after the occurrence, delivered himself up. *Wilmington Herald.*

THE TERPENTINE BUSINESS. We see that the production of Turpentine has commenced in the vicinity of Cheraw. There are five companies engaged, and one of the distilleries went into operation last week.

In Wake county, the business is also being prosecuted with energy, there being three distilleries in the neighborhood of Holly Springs, all making good profits.

The traveller on the Manchester Road, in a year or so, will be surprised to see the number of distilleries along the line; and to observe the evident signs of a successful prosecution of the business. Tois Road opens to market some of the best Turpentine lands in the country. *Ib.*

ROBBERY. On Friday night, 31st ult., the store of Mr. McLin, on Pollok street, was entered and robbed of $500 in money. Nothing else being missed, it is believed that none of the goods were taken. *Neiberne News.*

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA. Ex-Governor A. V. Brown, of Tennessee, will deliver the address at the commencement of the University of North Carolina, on the first Thursday in June next. He represents one of the literary societies attached to the University.

GRAND ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER OF NORTH CAROLINA. The regular annual convocation of this body will be held in Wilmington on the 5th of June next. Subordinate chapters are requested to send Delegates and returns.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

Bad Effects of the War—General Depression in the Markets and in Securities—No Answer yet from the Czar—Neutrality of Sweden recognized—Burning of Greek Villages—More English Troops Sailed—Insurrection in Albania—A Russian Blockade—Hostilities in the Black Sea—Decline in Cotton and Breadstuffs, &c.

Wil. Journal.

NEW YORK, April 8th. The steamer Europa, with Liverpool dates of the 25th ultimo, arrived this afternoon. The Sarah Sands arrived out on the 25th.

THE EASTERN WAR EFFECTS AND PROSPECTS.

Political affairs in Europe were unchanged. The fear of war produces dullness in all the markets. The exports of gold from England were not quite so heavy, and the rate of interest was unchanged.

The London Globe states that Russia has consented to recognise the neutrality of Sweden.

The Prussian people were earnestly petitioning their Government to join the Western Powers, but the Government holds back.

Austria seems to act with the Western Powers, but not in any decided or definite manner.

There is nothing new from Asia or Kalafat. The fleets retained their former positions.

An English and French frigate have gone to destroy the Russian stockade at the mouth of the Danube.

The Czar's written proposal to the demands of the Western Powers had not yet come to hand. It was supposed that he would not send a categorical answer, but will accept war if it is offered.

The French vessels of war Hercules, Austerlitz, Trident and Zenobia had sailed to join the English fleet in the Baltic.

A despatch to the London Times, dated Berlin, March 24th, states that the Czar would take no notice of the French and English summons for the evacuation of the Principalities. The French regard this as the signal for war.

The French expeditionary force for Turkey will stop for rest at Gallipolli, a town near the mouth of the Dardanelles. The English force will establish itself on the Bay of Enos, at the mouth of the river Maritza. The French army will afterwards proceed either to the Adrianople or the Crimea.

The Paris Moniteur states that the Czar, through the Russian Minister at Paris, made the same proposals to Napoleon, in regard to the partition of Turkey which had previously been rejected by the English Government.

The Russians had been defeated in a small affair in the lower Danube, with the loss of 100.

The Greek revolution was gradually dying out.

The export of grain was prohibited from the Ionian Islands.

ENGLAND. In England the preparations for war and the shipment of troops continued with unabated activity.

The steamer Cambria sailed from Liverpool for Kingston on the 25th, to ship more troops. The steamer Teneriffe will sail soon with part of a regiment for Malta.

A collision had occurred in the English Channel, between the American ship Ann Kemble and the Bonetta of Liverpool. The latter sunk immediately, and 11 lives were lost. The Ann Kemble was badly damaged.

Menteaux & Co., brokers and bankers in London, failed for a half million of dollars.

FRANCE. Prince Joachin Murat was married to Md'lle Borthier on Thursday.

Arrangements were making for the transit of English troops through France to embark for Turkey.

Heavy failures were expected in Paris. A leading house failed for 40,000,000 francs—$8,000,000.

AUSTRIA. It is stated that on the 15th of March couriers were sent from London and Paris, calling on Austria to join France and England in carrying into execution against Russia, the protocol signed by the Four Powers. Austria in reply declines to bind herself to act, and reserves to herself full liberty to do whatever the interests of Germany may require.

PRUSSIA. The Prussian Government was greatly alarmed at popular demonstrations which were being organized in the north of Prussia to welcome the English and French fleets on their arrival in the Baltic.

MARKETS. Liverpool, March 25th. Cotton continued dull, and prices had declined ⅛ a ¼d. Ordinary and middling grades being most plentiful have declined most. Fair qualities being scarce and in demand are comparatively firm. Dennistown & Co., quote fair Orleans 6¼d.; middling 5¾d.; fair Uplands and Mobile 6¼d.; middling 5¼d.; ordinary 3½ a 5d. Stock 656,000 bales.

Breadstuffs have declined under the increased pressure to sell. Wheat neglected at 6d. decline. Flour is in moderate demand at 2s. decline. Corn is unsaleable at 39s. ex ship. The quotations of Flour vary according to Circulars, but average 33s. 6d. for Western Canal, 34s. for Baltimore and Philadelphia, and 25s. for Ohio. White Wheat 10s. 6d. Red 10s.

The Very Latest.

At Liverpool flour was extremely dull. Corn declined 2s. for the week.

The Turks are said to have been beaten at Prevesa.

The Czar has stated that he had no reply to make to the ultimatum of France and England.

The position of Denmark is yet uncertain.

Seventy-seven companies of troops sailed from England on the 23d. Others were to follow daily.

Arrangements were making in France for the transportation of the English cavalry.

Couriers had been sent from Paris and London, calling upon Austria to join England and France in carrying into execution the war against Russia, in a protocol to be arranged by the four powers.

Nearly all the Southern Maritime Districts of Albanio had risen in insurrection.

Several unimportant skirmishes had occurred at Kalafat between the 11th and 16th ult.

A tripartite treaty between Turkey, England and France was signed on the 12th.

Gen. Lindenheim left Berlin on the 23d for St. Petersburg on an important mission.

The weather on the Black Sea was terrible, hailing almost constantly, and very cold. Intelligence from this quarter of the highest importance is looked for daily. A rumor prevailed that Russia had blockaded the mouth of the Danube at five different points. Hostilities have doubtless before now commenced in the Black Sea.

The Russians had ordered all the grain ships not actually cleared to be stopped and forced to unload.

A ministerial crisis still exists in Denmark threatening trouble.

The Emperor of France, it is rumored, says he now regards Austria as his ally against Russia. That otherwise Hungary and Poland will be aided against her.

It was rumored that France would shortly expose all the secret correspondence of the Czar, which is similar to that made public in England.

The Russian government is greatly alarmed at the demonstration in the North of Prussia, for welcoming the English and French fleets, forcing the Prussian government to take part in the war.

The barque boneta was run down on the 24th, and eleven lives lost.

American stocks were very dull.

Germany was much excited.

Spain was also in a state of excitement, fearing insurrection.

Great Match Race—Shortest Time on Record.

NEW ORLEANS, April 8. Lecompte, the celebrated Louisiana horse, to-day won the four mile race, time 7 minutes 26 seconds, beating Lexington, winner of the great race some days ago. This is the shortest time on record. An immense concourse of people was present. It was a scene of intense interest and excitement, much money changing hands.

Letter from Senator Douglas.

WASHINGTON, April 9. Senator Douglas has written a letter occupying eight columns of the Sentinel in reply to the resolutions adopted by a meeting of 25 clergymen at Chicago. He takes occasion to go over the whole ground in support of the Nebraska bill, as involving a principle identical with that contended for in the revolution. He denies that clergymen have a right as such to interfere in matters embracing moral and religious truth, and intimates that the recognition of such power would be subversive of the principles of free government and religious liberty. He further denies that the repeal of the Missouri Compromise is a breach of faith. The letter is mild, considering its source, but at the same time tart and sarcastic.

NOW

Arise! for the day is passing,
While you lie dreaming on;
Your brothers are eased in armor,
And forth to the fight are gone;
Your place in the ranks awaits you,
Each man has a part to play;
The past and the future are nothing
In the face of the stern to-day.

Arise from your dreams of the future—
Of gaining a hard fought field;
Of storming the airy fortresses;
Of bidding the giant yield;
Your future has deeds of glory,
Of honor (God grant it may!)
But your arm will never be stronger,
Or needed as now—to-day.

Arise! If the past detain you,
Her sunshine and storms forget;
No chains so unworthy to hold you
As those of a vain regret;
Sad or bright, she is lifeless ever;
Cast her phantom arms away.
Nor look back, save to learn the lesson
Of a nobler strife to-day.

Arise! For the hour is passing;
The sound that you dimly hear,
Is your enemy marching to battle,
Nay! rise! for the time is near!
Stay not to brighten your weapons,
Or the hour will strike at last;
And, from dreams of a coming battle,
You will wake, and find it past.

Adelaide Wards.

VALUABLE BOOKS, AMERICAN POULTRY Yard by D. J. Brown.

The Diseases of Domestic Animals, by R. L. Allen.

American Bee Keeper's manual; illustrated with many engravings by T. B. Miller.

American Bird Fancier, considered with reference to the breeding, rearing, feeding, management &c. of cage and house birds, illustrated with engravings by D. J. Brown.

American architect, comprising original designs of cheap country and village residences, with details, specifications, plans, directions, and an estimate of the cost of each design; by John W Ritch, architect. First and second series, 2 vols. in one.

Domestic Medicine—Gun's Domestic medicine, or poor man's friend in the hours of affliction, pain and Sickness. Raymond's new revised addition, improved and enlarged, by John C. Gun, 8 vo.

Practical Agriculture, by James F. W. Johnston, F. R. S. S. and L.

Johnston's Agricultural Chemistry; lectures on the application of chemistry and geology to agriculture; new edition, with an appendix.

Youatt and Martin on Cattle by Ambrose Stevens.

Youatt on the structure and diseases of the horse; also practical rules for buyers, breeders, smiths, &c.; edited by W. C. Spooner, with an account of the breeds in the United States, by Henry S. Randall.

Cole's American Veterinarian, or diseases of domestic animals.

Mason's Farrier, comprising a general description of the horse, with modes of management in all cases, and treatment of diseases, &c.

Coles American fruit book.

Breck's book on flowers.

A treatise on the construction, heating and ventilation of hot-houses.

Buist on the culture of the rose.

American flower garden directors, containing directions for the culture of plants, in the hot house, green house, &c., by Buist.

Johnson's dictionary of gardening, edited by David Landreth.

Schenck's gardner's text book.

The American fowl breeder, illustrated.

Dixen's & Kerrs ornamental and domestic poultry, with colored illustrations.

Bennett's domestic poultry book.

Miner's "

Allen's Domestic Animals.

Beech's American practico and family physician, thick 8vo. shp. This work having been recently thoroughly revised, no additions or improvements can be made.

Landscape gardening, park and pleasure grounds, by Smith.

Practical treatise on the culture of the Grape, by J. Fiske Allen.

The progressive farmer, T. A. Nash.

Coleman's practical agriculture, and rural economy.

Rodger's scientific agriculture.

Calcareous Manures, by Edmund Ruffin.

Clatter and Youatt's cattle doctor, by Skinner.

Youatt on the pig.

Hoare on the grape vine.

Stevens' book of the farm; a complete guide to the farmer, steward, ploughman, cattleman, shepherd, fieldworker, and dairy maid, by Henry Stevens, with 450 illustrations to which are added explanatory notes, remarks, &c., by J. S. Skinner, really one of the best books for a farmer to possess, 2 vols.

The American farm book, R. L. Allen.

The cottage and farm bee keeper; a practical work, by a county curate.

Allen's rural architecture, comprising Farm Houses, Cottages, Carriage Houses, Sheep Cotes, Piggeries, Barns, &c., &c., by Lewis F. Allen.

The American Huck book, by Dana.

The rose culturist.

Blake's Farmer at home; a family text book for the country, by Rev. John L. Clake, D. D.

For sale by H. D. TURNER.
Pioneer Bookseller, Raleigh N. C.
April 15, 1854. 43—

JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS—CHEAPER THAN EVER!! The Subscribers take great pleasure in informing the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that they have just received an entirely new stock of all the articles in their line.

Thankful for the liberal patronage already received, they will do all in their power to deserve a continuance of the same.

Their present stock consists in part of

JEWELRY—Gold Earrings, Breastpins, Cuffpins, Fingerrings, Sleevebuttons, Bracelets, Lockets, Fob and Guard Chains, Pencils, Pens, Watches, &c., &c.

FANCY GOODS, &c.—Berlin and French Caskets, Furnish Leather Reticules of all sizes, Paper mache Workboxes, Spanish and French Fans from 50 cents to $7 00, Portmonies of Leather, Velvet and Pearl, French Cigar cases, Pocket books, Wostenholm's celebrated Cutlury, Dressing and Pocket Combs of Ivory Buffalo India Rubber and round Combs, Puff, Tucking and side Combs, Faber's pencils, French flowerwares of all descriptions, Fancy cups and saucers, from 40 cents to $3, Gothic 1 and 8 day Clocks, German silver Castors, wax, kid, crying and India Rubber dolls of all sizes, Looking Glasses from 5 cents to $2 50.

All kinds of Perfumery and Toilet requisites.

China and Glassware of various descriptions, &c.

CONFECTIONARY, &c.—Common and French Candies, Pickles, Preserves, Brandy Fruit, Prunes, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Nuts, Wines, Vinegar, Porter, Ale, Cordials, Bitters, Schiedam Schnaps, &c., &c. F. MAHLER & CO.

Raleigh, April 10, 1854. 42—

JUST TO HAND.—A FULL ASSORTMENT OF choice CIGARS and amongst them that favorite brand, La Palmetta.

Also a large lot of that superior Smoking Tobacco, Fine Old Mild. Call at F. MAHLER'S & CO.

April 10, 1854. 24—

NORTH CAROLINA EDITION OF MITCHELL'S INTERMEDIATE GEOGRAPHY.—A system of Modern Geography, comprising a description of the present state of the world, and its five great divisions, America, Europe, Asia, Africa, and Oceanica, with their several Empires, Kingdoms, States, Territories, etc., Illustr

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS AT RALEIGH.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL,—(By Railroad,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 6½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

SOUTHERN MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 3 p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

WESTERN MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coaches,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 8 a. m.
Arrives daily, ... at 2½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 8 a. m.)

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Sunday and Wednesday ..... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday ..... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 p. m.)

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coach.)—
Leaves daily, (except Sunday,) ..... at 7 a. m.
Arrives daily, (except Monday,) ..... at 11 p. m.
(Mail closes at 7 p. m.)

TARBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, ... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, ... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.)

ROXBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Horse,)—
Leaves Friday, ... at 12 m.
Arrives Friday ..... at 9 a. m.
(Mail closes Friday at 12 m.)

THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE HAS BEEN ordered by the Post Master General, and goes into operation on this Road to-day:

Leave Raleigh at 8 A. M., and reach Weldon at 1 P. M., in time for the Express train to Wilmington.

Leave Weldon at 1½ P. M., and reach Raleigh at 6½ P. M.

Office Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co. { 84—
September 6th, 1853. {

WILSON & GRICE,
GENERAL COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No. 11, High Street and Pierce's Wharf,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

Give their personal and prompt attention to the Sale and Forwarding of Produce and Merchandize of every description, and make liberal consignments.

REFERENCES.
Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., Raleigh.
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh.
" King, Thomas & Barrow, Louisburg.
" R. N. & D. C. Herndon, Oxford.
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, Warren County.
Col. S. S. Royster, Granville.
Messrs. Jno. White & Co., Warrenton.
" " Montgomery & Plummer, Warrenton.
Col. Walter Gwynn, Chief Eng. Central Rail Road.
SAMUEL M. WILSON. GEO. W. GRICE
May 2d, 1853. 48—1y.

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.—THE NEXT Session will commence on the first Monday in January, 1854.

RATES TUITION (PAYABLE ONE HALF IN ADVANCE.)

For Reading, Writing, with the first rudiments of English Grammar and Geography,	$10,00
English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic,	12,50
For any thing higher,	15,00
For the College Classes, (without any extra charge for the Languages,)	20,00
EXTRA EXPENSES.	
Music on Piano,	20,00
Use of Instrument,	3,00
The same on Guitar,	
Drawing and Painting,	12,00
Oil Painting,	15,00
Needle Work,	5,00
Board per month,	8,00
Washing per month,	1,00

Musical Soirees will be given during each term.
T. T. GRANDY,
Sec'y of Board of Trustees.
December 19, 1853. 10—1yw.

JUST TO HAND.—5,000 PALMETTA, LANDRES Cigars, the choicest brand in the market.
5,000 Mannilla, El Sol, La Constancia,
10,000 assorted brands,
500 sup. Orinoco chewing Tobacco,
600 ass'd Smoking Tobacco.
Come and try us, and we feel confident we will give full satisfaction. F. MAHLER & CO.
January 30, 1854. 22—

STEAM ENGINE AND CIRCULAR SAW MILL FOR SALE!—The subscriber having made other arrangements now offers for sale a No. 1, twenty-four horse-power, STEAM ENGINE and SAW MILL, which he warrants to be inferior to no Engine of the same capacity. As the Engine and Saw Mill have been fully tested, he deems it unnecessary to say more than to refer persons wishing to purchase to Messrs. Silas Burns, Albert Johnson, or any other competent Machinist.
THEO. H. SNOW.
Raleigh, Dec. 15, 1853. 13—tf.

WHOLESALE TRADE FOR MARCH 1852. OUR SPRING STOCK of *Foreign and Domestic Staple and Fancy Dry Goods*, is now complete. The assortment is large and commanding. Country Merchants are invited to call and examine styles and prices, feeling confident that we can offer as great inducements as any Jobbing House, North or South.
STEVENSON & WEDDELL.
Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va.
34—

ROBINSON & CO'S SHOES.—KID AND MOrocco High cut Walking Shoes.
Kid and Morocco High cut Slippers.
Ladies' Winter Gaiters.
Childrens Goat Bootees.
Misses' " "
Ladies' " "
For sale by J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Oct. 18th, 1853. 96—

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

Will attend the County and Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, Chatham and New Hanover. He is to be found at the office formerly occupied by the late Hon. Will. H. Haywood, Jr.
Raleigh, January 8, 1854. 16—w&sw6m.

LAW NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING REMOVED TO RALEIGH respectfully offers his services to all persons having business in the Supreme Court, or in the County and Superior Courts of Wake and adjoining Counties, as an ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR.

☞ Office, Fayetteville Street, near Yarbrough's.
EDWARD CANTWELL.
Raleigh, Jan. 19, 1854. 19—6m.

FORM BOOK.—THE NORTH CAROLINA FORM Book; containing all the most useful forms which occur in business transactions between man and man, as well as in official stations; together with the Constitution of North Carolina and of the United States; the Act fixing the Fees of Clerks, Sheriffs, &c., calculated for the use of the citizens of North Carolina, and made conformable to law. Compiled by a member of the North Carolina Bar.
For sale at the North Carolina Book-Store, by
HENRY D. TURNER.
Raleigh, Aug. 12, 1853. 77—

NOTICE TO PENSIONERS. PERSONS ON THE Pension Roll at Fayetteville will have their business attended to promptly by making the undersigned their Agent to collect the same.

Claims for Pension and Bounty Land, for services in the Revolutionary War, War of 1812, Mexican and all the Indian Wars, prosecuted promptly.

Highest cash price paid for Land Warrants, for a Northern Company. JNO. M. ROSE.
Fayetteville, Oct. 5, 1853 100—3m.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,—A RICH ASSORTMENT of Fancy Neck, Sash, Hat and Cap Ribbons,
Plain Satin and Lutestring Ribbons, all colors and widths,
French Worked Muslin Undersleeves,
Infants' French Worked Frock Bodies and Caps,
Ladies' French Worked Caps and Collars, a great variety,
" " Mourning and Half-Mourning Collars.
" " Cuffs, Muslins and Dimity Bands,
Real Thread Lace, Insertings and Edgings,
Imitation " " "
Lisle " " "
Bobbin " " "
JAMES KcKIMMON.
Raleigh, 1853. 93—

CHEAP BOOTS!—CHEAP BOOTS!!—GENtlemen we wish to inform you that we have now on hand an over large stock of Calfskin, Dress and Water-Proof Boots of every variety. Indeed our stock of this kind of goods is entirely too large, and as we do not intend to let it remain on hand until another season, we shall hurry them off at some price, so that great bargains may be expected, say at $2,50c., $3,00 and $3,50 a pair.

Gentlemen, we shall sell them cheap, and you all know that when we say cheap we mean cheap.

The above Boots are suitable for dress and business purposes, and will be sold at prices from $2 50 up.

Bring along the CASH and the Boots will be yours.

Come quick or you will be too late for the bargains now selling at the Ladies' Saloon, Norfolk, Va.
W. H. ADDINGTON & CO.
Nov. 30th, 1853. 6—

SCIENTIFIC WORKS.—Geology of the Globe, by Edward Hitchcock, D. D., LL. D.; A Treatise on Metallurgy, comprising Mining and General and Particular Metallurgical operations, with a description of Charcoal, Oak and Anthracite Furnaces, Blast Machines, Hot Blast Forge Hammers, Rolling Mills, &c., &c., by Frederic Overman; The Book of Nature, by Frederic Schoedler, Ph. D., and Henry Medlock, F. C. S.; Principles of Geology, by Sir Charles Lyell; A Manual of Elementary Geology, or, the Ancient Changes of the earth and its inhabitants, as illustrated by Geological Monuments, by Sir Charles Lyell.
For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, Dec. 16th, 1853. 9—

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY.—The subscriber has on hand the largest stock of Farming Implements to be found in the State, embracing horse powers which have taken the first premiums at the late Fair, held in Baltimore and this city; wheat Threshers, wheat Drills and Seed Sowers, corn Planters, Corn shellers of every kind, to shell from 300 to 1500 bushels per day, which are sold low, and warranted fully equal to any to be found in the Union; straw cutters for hand and horse power, hominy Mills, Grist mills capable of grinding 20 bushels of good meal per hour; Corn Cob Crushers, Vegetable Cutters, Fan mills, some of which have taken 54 premiums with several medals and certificates of their pre-eminence over all others; Harrows of every size and shape. Cultivators for one and two horses, with wrought and cast iron and reversable steel teeth, Cotton and Tobacco Cultivators, Plows of all patterns for one, two, three and four horses, as large and desirable an assortment as can be found in any house north or south, with 40 tons of Plow Castings to suit; ox Yokes, ox Bows, Yoke irons, Bow pins, whiffle Trees, Trase Chains, Ox and Log Chains, Axes, Grub hoes, wedges, Drag and Cultivator Teeth, spades, shovels, Forks, (some worth $6 each,) Garden Tools, hoes, Garden Plows and Cultivators, Chain Pumps, Cast Iron Pumps, Garden Engines, Post-hole Augers, Bull Rings, Ox Balls, Butter Churns, with every other desirable Implement for the Farm, to be found in any Agricultural House north or south, with many other desirable goods, viz: Bar Iron of all sizes for the farm, blacksmith, ship wright, carriage makers, &c., &c.; bellows, anvils, vices, stocks and dies, hand and sledge hammers, blast pipes, cast boxes, carriage axles and springs, couldrons and other hollow castings, grindstones framed and not framed, with friction rollers for same, &c., with a large lot of superior green and black teas, cigars, white and colored carpet warp, hemp twine for sturgeon nets, wrought and cut nails, ship and boat spikes, with a great many other goods, which cannot be enumerated in an advertisement. All in want, are invited to call and supply themselves on the best terms.
S. MARCH.
Norfolk, Va., Dec. 15, 1853. 10—

NEW ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS AT THE BAZAAR!!—White, Buff, Brown, Mottled, Plaid, Striped and Planters' Linen Coats; White and Buff Grass Coats; Drab, Blue and Mottled Croton Coats; Black and Fancy Alapaca Coats; Plaid and Fancy Cassimere Coats; Black Summer Cloth and Cassimere Sacks, half Sacks and Frocks; Tweeds, Cashmeretts and Angolas Sacks; Planters' Linen, Plaid, White, Striped, Mottled, Linen, and Cassimere Pants in great variety. Sontag, Cassimere, Silk and Linen Vestings, Quiltings and Weltings Vestings, rich styles. A large assortment of Lawn and Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Plain and Fancy Borders. Silk and Lisle Embroidered Cravats; Plain and Fancy Lawn Cravats; Fancy Silk Cravats. Alexander's and Chossin's White and Colored Kid Gloves; Black, Lisle and Linen Gloves; Washed Norway Gloves; Fine Doe Gloves; Black Colored Silk Gloves; Plaid and Striped Silk and Cotton Half Hose Gloves. We are weekly receiving large supplies selected from the most desirable styles in the market, which we warrant made equal to custom work in fit and finish.

Our furnishing Department comprises every new and fashionable article necessary for a regular outfit, which will be sold at the lowest market prices by
A. S. SHAFER & CO., Clothing Bazzaar,
Sycamore Street.
Petersburg, April 28, 1852. 47—

1854. SPRING SUPPLIES OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—W. H. ADDINGTON & CO., would call the attention of every Merchant in Virginia and North Carolina to their *Wholesale stock of Boots and Shoes*, offered for sale at reasonable prices, on a credit of 6 months, at their Large New Store, No. 37, Main Street.

The stock consists in part as follows, viz:

10,000 pair	Men's Kip Brogans, various qualities,
8,000 "	Gent's Calf and fine Wax Leather Bootees,
2,000 "	Men's split Brogans,
1,000 "	Gent's Calf Oxford ties,
8,000 "	" Fancy Gaiters, Patent Leather Shoes and other fashionable style of Dress Sho s,
2,500 "	Men's fine Oalf Boots, long legs.—Also Kip Boots, all qualities,
3,000 "	Women's peg Buskins, different kinds,
1,000 "	" sewed " Calf and Goat Skin, prime,
15,000 "	Ladies' Gaiter Boots, Jenny Lind Shoes, and other Fancy styles of Ladies' Shoes,
10,000 "	Women's cheap Morocco Shoes, various kinds,
4,000 "	Misses and Children's Shoes, all kinds,
3,000 "	Boys and Youths Bootees, &c.

W. H. ADDINGTON & CO., have just added $100,000 worth of Boots and Shoes to their Spring stock—it will be found very complete, and they hope every Merchant will call and examine ther stock.

Terms—6 months credit.
W. H. ADDINGTON & CO.
Norfolk, Feb. 7, 1853. 24—

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.—JUST RECEIVED AT THE LADIES' SALOON, Norfolk, Va., 100 cases India Rubber Shoes, which is a part of our Fall orders. This stock of Rubbers is of the very best quality, and will be warranted not to be affected by any temperature of the weather. It consists of Men's India Rubber Boots, short legs, long legs, and some extra long legs, for Wading and Fishing.

Men's India Rubber Shoes, Clogs, Slippers, Sandals, &c.

Women's India Rubber Boots, Bootees, Buskins, Slippers, Sandals, Clogs, and Over Gaiters.

Ladies' fine India Rubber Shoes, Slippers, Sandals, &c., of the most beautiful and delicate make.

A new style of Gossamer Rubbers for Ladies' have been just received also at the Ladies' Saloon. There has never been any thing like them out before, and as we are the Agents for the Manufacturer no other dealer in Norfolk or in the States of Virginia and North Carolina can sell them unless purchased through our House.

The Merchants of Norfolk, Portsmouth, Petersburg and Richmond as well as those country Merchants from Virginia and North Carolina can be supplied at Manufacturers' prices at the Ladies' Saloon, with the goods from this celebrated Factory. They are superior in point of durability, beauty and style to any others that are now made in this country.

The goods are now open for inspection, and orders are respectfully solicited.

The Ladies' Saloon is at No. 37, Main street, Norfolk, Va., Sign of the Large Plate Glass Windows.
W. H. ADDINGTON & CO.,
Norfolk, Va.
September 9th, 1853. 84—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.—WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, are now receiving large additions to their stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS, WINDOW GLASS, PERFUMERY, &c., &c., from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.
Raleigh, April 28, 1851. 94—

J. W. PRICE, OF SMITHFIELD, JOHNSTON, Co. N. C. would announce to the citizens of Smithfield and vicinity that he has purchased the stand of Col. D. McPherson, where he purposes to establish a WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY STORE, where he will keep constantly on hand a large and choice assortment of Family Groceries, cheaper and of better quality than ever before offered in this community. Please give me a call as I flatter myself I can give satisfaction to all who may favor me with their patronage.

AUCTION.—I shall offer for sale at public auction at my old stand my entire stock of Dry Goods, Queensware, and Hardware. My Dry Goods consist of Plain and Figured Delains, Ginghams, Prints of every style and quality, white and Red Flannell, also a beautiful assortment of Dress Silks. Broadcloths, Cassimers, Sattinetts, Kentucky Jeans, and an assortment of Ready Made Clothing, and many other articles too numerous to mention. Boots, Shoes of every grade, also, my assortment of Hardware and Cutlery, which is unsurpassed by any in the State. Truly a rare chance for good bargains. Attend the sale. I shall auction merchandise every day and evening during Court week and every Saturday after Court week until the entire stock is disposed of.
February 18, 1854. —27

SEPTEMBER.—FALL, 1853.—SAMUEL H. MARKS & SON would respectfully inform their customers and the trade generally, that they are now receiving by sundry packets and steamers their usual extensive assortment of CONFECTIONARY, FANCY ARTICLES, FRUITS, CIGARS, &c., selected in person by one of the firm, who has just returned from a Northern tour. They are also daily expecting an arrival of GERMAN, FRENCH and ENGLISH FANCY GOODS, of their own importation, which will make their assortment one of the largest and most complete now offered in this market. North Carolina and Virginia Merchants, may rely upon getting every article of the very best quality, and upon the most pleasing terms.
Petersburg, Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

Notice to North Carolina & Virginia Merchants!

STEVENSON & WEDDELL, IMPORTERS AND Jobbers of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, *Petersburg, Va.* Now offer to the trade, a large and commanding assortment of British and Continental Goods, together with a large stock of Domestic Fabrics, purchased before the recent advance in prices.

Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our assortment, as we feel confident we can offer as great inducements to purchasers as can be found in this or *any other market.*

N. B. Orders promptly Attended to.
Petersburg, Va., Sept. 9. 86—

WARRENTON FEMALE INSTITUTE.—The 26th semi-annual Session of this Institution will commence on the 1st MONDAY in January, 1854.

Pupils will be received at any time during the Session and charged only from the time of entrance. For Circulars and further particulars apply to the Principals,
GRAVES & WILCOX.
Warrenton, N. C.
December 16, 1853. 9—3m.

RANAWAY, FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ON THE 17th of February, a bound boy named Simri Johnson. All persons are hereby forbid employing said boy, and I will give five cents and no thanks for his apprehension.
GILLEM HARTGROVE.
St. Lawrence, Chatham Co. 29—tf.

A NEW SUPPLY OF PICTURES, WITH AND without Frames; also Gilt Mouldings of every description, for sale at the MUSIC STORE.

NORTH-CAROLINA MUTU'L INSURANCE COMPANY, *Raleigh.*—This Company has been in successful operation for more than seven years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present Capital consists of Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company, has been less than one-third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year:

DIRECTORS.

Jos. G. B. Roulhac,	of Raleigh.	John Cox, Edenton,
C. W. D. Hutchings,		Joshua Bonner, Salem,
Jno. R. Williams,		J. H. Pool, Elizabeth City,
John Primrose,		F. E. Fagan, Plymouth,
H. D. Turner,		Alex'r Mitchell, Newbern,
S. W. Whiting,		W. N. H. Smith, Morrisborough,
T. H. Selby,		H. B. Williams, Charlotte,
Geo. McNeil, Fayetteville,		John B. Barrett, Milton,
J. G. Wright, Wilmington,		A. T. Summy, Asheville.
Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington,		
James Sloan, Greensboro',		

All Directors are authorised to receive applications.

OFFICERS.

J. G. B. Roulhac, *President,*
Henry D. Turner, *Vice-President,*
S. W. Whiting, *Treasurer,*
John C. Partridge, *Secretary,*
John H. Bryan, *Attorney,*
J. Hersman, *General Agent,*
S. W. Whiting, } *Executive Committee.*
Jno. R. Williams, }
John Primrose, }

All communications in reference to Insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.
JOHN C. PARTRIDGE, *Secretary.*
Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1853. 19—

GREENSBOROUGH Mutual INSURANCE COMPANY.—The cost of Insurance on the Mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock company. This company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country.

The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year:

JAMES SLOAN, *President.*
S. G. COFFIN, *Vice President.*
C. P. MENDENHALL, *Attorney.*
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

DIRECTORS:

James Sloan,	Dr. S. G. Coffin,
Dr. J. A. Merane,	Jamestown.
C. P. Mendenhall,	William A. Wright,
Wm. S. Rankin,	Wilmington.
Rev. C. F. Deems,	Dr. C. Watkins,
James M. Garrett,	Carolina F. College.
Jed. H. Lindsay,	John I. Shaver,
W. J. McConnell,	Salisbury.
Greensborough.	John H. Cook,
E. F. Lilly,	Fayetteville.
Wadesborough.	J. J. Biggs,
W. P. Moore,	Raleigh.
Newbern.	Robert E. Troy,
H. H. Burwell,	Lumberton.
Henderson.	Dr. Rob't H. Scales,
J. L. Bridgers.	Lenox Castle.
Tarborough.	
Geo. T. Cooke, Raleigh,	PETER ADAMS,
Agent.	
William H. Cumming,	*Secretary.*
General Agent.	

December 12th, 1853. 8—1y.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—*Office, Raleigh, N. C.*—This Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5,000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for two-thirds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, *President.*
Wm. D. Haywood, *Vice President.*
James F. Jordan, *Secretary.*
Wm. H. Jones, *Treasurer.*
Quentin Busbee, *Attorney.*
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, *Examining Physician.*
J. Hersman, *General Agent.*

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to
JAMES F. JORDAN,
Secretary.
Raleigh, April 28th, 1850. 51—

CASWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—This Company, chartered at the last session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, and located in the town of Milton, has been fully organized, and is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance on Houses, Furniture, Goods, Factories, &c. The terms will be the same as those of the other Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of the State.

All applications must state the location and situation of the buildings and other property on which Insurance is desired.

The undersigned has been appointed General Agent for this Company, and he is also the Agent for the Ætna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, and the Hartford Insurance Company, located in the same place.

All applications for Insurance or local Agencies to be addressed to Willie J. Palmer, *Secretary*, or the subscriber.
NATHANIEL J. PALMER.
Milton, N. C., April 15th, 1853. 43—tf.

☞ The STANDARD OFFICE is being thoroughly re-fitted with an extensive assortment of New and Beautiful TYPE, of every description, and suited to all qualities and kinds of work—New PRESSES, and every other appliance requisite in the execution of the best quality of work at the greatest speed.
Raleigh, *July* 30, 1853.

CARAWAN'S TRIAL.—TRIAL OF THE REV. Geo. W. Caraway for the murder of Clement H. Lassiter before the Superior Court of Law of Beaufort County, N. C., Fall Term, 1853, together with a sketch of the murderer's life and the tragical termination of the trial—his attempt, in presence of the Court, to shoot one of the counsel who appeared against him on the trial, and then killing himself; also the arguments of the counsel, with seven engravings.
For sale by
Raleigh, Jan. 27, 1854. W. L. POMEROY. 22—

HENRY T. CLAWSON, COACH AND CARriage MANUFACTURER. Also, Manufacturer to Bent Felloes, Shafts, Hubs, Spokes, Poles, Spring Bars, &c., warranted the best quality of Timber.

All manner of Coach work executed in the best style of the art.

Repairing done in the neatest manner and on the shortest notice.
Franklinton, Franklin County, N. C. 97—

$20 REWARD.—RANAWAY FROM THE Subscriber, in the month of May last, a negro slave named PAUL, aged about 25 years, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, with a large mouth and fine teeth—weighs about 160 or 165 pounds. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me at Raleigh.
M. A. BLEDSOE.
Raleigh, August 25, 1853 81—tf.

HATS,—SUPERIOR BLACK MOLESKIN, SEPTEMber style,
1 Case Cassimere Hats for Winter,
Mexican and other Fancy Hats,
Good Wool Hats for Farmers, &c.
J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, Sept. 26, 1853. 96—

WORKMEN WANTED.—THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to employ a Painter and Trimmer on Carriages; also two wood workmen—a Body-Maker and Wheelwright. The best wages and constant employment will be given. Address the subscriber at Pittsborough, Chatham, N. C. WM. D. KIRKSEY.
January 14, 1854. 18—tf.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, on the 22d instant, a GREY HORSE, about 10 years old. He was purchased last June from a gentlemwn living in Raleigh, and when last heard from was making his way in that direction. Any information respecting said horse will be thankfully received, by JOHN P. TURNER.
Four miles west of Enfield, Halifx County, N. C.
Jan. 26, 1854. 23—5t.pd.

GARDEN AND GRASS SEEDS, FOR 1854. The Subscriber has just received his supply of Garden, Grass and other Seeds for the growth of 1854, of *every variety*. Gardeners and others are requested to make an early call, in order to get whatever kinds they may want. All Seeds warranted to be *fresh and genuine.*
P. F. PESCUD.

EATON'S FORM BOOK.—A BOOK OF PRACtical Forms, with Explanatory notes and references to authorities; intended as a manual to the practising lawyer in the State of North Carolina; by Wm. Eaton, Jr.
For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, Feb. 11, 1853 26—

JUVENILE BOOKS.—THE BOYHOOD OF GREAT men. Adventures in fairy-land, by Stoddard.
Mr. Rutherford's Children, by the author of the Wide Wide World, Dollars and cents, &c.
Æsop in rhyme, or old friends in a new dress.
The Little Drummer.—Tip-top, or a noble aim.
Sparing to Spend, by T. S. Arthur,
Tanglewood Tales, by Hawthorne.
For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
December 12, 1853. 9—

NORTH-CAROLINA & NORFOLK.—THE PRACTICAL HATTERS would respectfully call the attention of the "Trade" and "Dealers" to their stock of SPRING AND SUMMER HATS,

the largest and best that has ever been offered in Norfolk, and not surpassed by any, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. They are confident that Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before making their purchases. Those that are willing to extend to us their patronage may rely on having Goods, whether of our own Manufacture or Imported, as Fashionable, Fine and Cheap as any Northern Jobber. We earnestly request Merchants to call and be *convinced* that we are prepared and *will* furnish every thing in our line on the best terms.

Ladies' and Misses' Bonnets in great variety. Canes and Umbrellas wholesale.

CEPHALOMETRON!

This beautiful instrument is considered one of the greatest and most useful inventions of the age. It would be impossible, by the minutest description, to give a correct idea of its utility. Hats made by it will fit the most difficult heads, conforming to every protuberance and depression of the cranium, thus preventing the unpleasant feeling of a new Hat and painful headache. We could give you certificates of Physicians and the experience of the Trade, but prefer that all may examine for themselves. No one can properly appreciate its advantages without having one of our superior Hats.

☞ Hats made to order in the most fashionable manner, and without extra charge.
STEVENS & BUTT,
No. 7 Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.
May 11, 1853. 51—tf.

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.—The subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North-Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own CLOTHING, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our Cloths, Cassimeres, &c., at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms. Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.
A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(*Successors to N. Perry.*)
Petersburg, Va., May 5th, 1852. 52—

GREAT EXCITEMENT!—IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms and Worms:* also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms and Worms, are as follows:—(by the pound, 37 cents, or by contract)—

7 barrel Still-cap, Arms and Worms,			$400
10	"	"	485
12	"	"	525
14	"	"	585
15	"	"	615
16	"	"	650
20	"	"	695
25	"	"	750
30	"	"	850
35	"	"	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, (fire and burning excepted.) His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost to the purchaser.
JOSEPH WOLTERING.
Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

Fall Trade, 1853.

P. F. PESCUD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Perfumery, Cigars, &c., is now receiving the *largest* and *most commanding* stock, that he has ever offered to the trade, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as can be obtained at any similar establishment in the South. Physicians and Dealers are cordially invited to examine the quality and prices of my articles before buying elsewhere.

Mr. Pescud takes this occasion to thank those Physicians, Country Merchants, and Contractors who have encouraged his efforts to build up a Wholesale Drug business at Raleigh, and hopes the time is rapidly approaching when it will be a rare occurrence for Dealers to send North for supplies in his line.

☞ Send your orders, for Drugs, &c., P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, if you want them filled promptly, neatly packed, and forwarded with dispatch, *upon terms which will give satisfaction.* P. F. PESCUD.
September 12, 1853. 86—

JUST ARRIVED AT F. MAHLER'S & CO.

3 doz. Buffaloetongues—a fine article,
200 " Smoked Beef,
200 " Superior Gochen Cheese,
30 boxes Layer and Bunch Raisins, in halfs, quarters and eights,
20 do. Currants, Lemons, Figs, Brandy Peaches, Pickles,
10 Packages Brown Stout, and Scotch Ale,
1 tierce new Rice, superior Vinegar—&c., &c.
☞ Call and see.
Raleigh, Feb. 1, 1854. 22—

UNION HOTEL, CLARKSVILLE, Va.—THIS HOTEL is situated on Main Street, convenient to the business part of the town. The Proprietors have recently erected, upon their premises, a large and commodious brick building, containing eleven comfortable rooms, which, with the old buildings, will enable them to furnish good accommodations for any number of visitors.

Determined to minister to the comfort of their guests by every means in their power, they respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.
FINCH & BOYD, *Proprietors.*
January 16, 1854. 19—13t.

REMOVAL OF THE BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY.—The subscriber begs leave to inform his patrons, and the public in general, that he has moved from Wilmington Street, to the house lately occupied by F. Mahler as a fancy store, West side of the capitol.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, he solicits a continuance of the same, promising to use the very best materials and employ only superior workmen.
HENRY A. DEPKIN.
Raleigh, August 29th, 1853. 82—tf.

LOST.—ONE PROMISSORY NOTE, made Payable by R. D. ATKINSON & PHARAOH RICHARDSON to E. P. STEVENS, for Four Hundred and Fifty Dollars, and dated 12th of November, 1853. All persons are hereby forbid to trade for said Note, and the said Atkinson & Richardson are hereby forwarned from paying said Note to any person save myself.
B. R. HINNANT.
Smithfield, Jan. 7, 1853. 16—tf.

MORE DESIRABLE THAN EVER!!

JUST RECEIVED AT THE N. C. MUSIC STORE, the largest and most elegant assortment of new and fashionable Music that has yet been offered. Call and examine.

ALSO FOR THE LADIES. This day received a very extensive assortment of Perfumery, comprising extracts for the Handkerchief, for the Toilet, for the Hands, for the Teeth, for the Hair.

FOR THE GENTLEMEN. The Board. There also, may be found the inimitable and delectable Upper Ten Extract.

The best assortment of STRINGS to be found in the State. Prices reduced.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Accordeons, Violins, Banjos, Tamborines. Now opening at the
N. C. MUSIC STORE.

RELIGIOUS WORKS.—THE DOCTRINE OF the Holy Eucharist, by Robert Isaac Wilberforce, A. M.
Pilate and Herod, a tale illustrative of the early history of the Church of England, in the province of Maryland; by Rev. Harvey Stanley.
Twenty-five Village Sermons, by Charles Kingsley, Jr.
History of the Apostolic Church, by Philip Schaff.
Genius and Faith, by W. G. Scott.
Life and Lectures of Father Gavazzi.
For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
December 12, 1853. 9—

RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD.—Slaves are not permitted to travel on the Rail Road without a written permit from their owners. Duplicates should in all cases be given, as the Ticket Agents are instructed to retain one copy of every pass.
JAMES M. POOL,
Ticket Agent.
Raleigh, January 6, 1854. 15—

CLOTHING AT REDUCED PRICES!—AS we intend leaving for New York on the 15th February for the purpose of superintending the getting up of our Spring and Summer Clothing, we will sell the remainder of our HEAVY WINTER GOODS at greatly reduced prices for CASH.
E. L. HARDING.
January 16, 1854. 18—

DRESS GOODS.—PRINTED & FANCY BERAGES Lawns, Organdi and Printed Cambrics,
Plaid Ginghams and Silk Lustors,
Black Grog DeRhine Silk and Plain black DeLaine,
Cambric, Jackonette, Swiss, Checked, Mull and Nansuck Muslins, a great variety,
Black and White and Fancy Berages DeLaines.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, 1852. 84—

SUPERIOR GREEN TEA.
Superior Black Tea.
Gunney and Hemp Bagging,
Bale Rope and Twine.
For sale by
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Oct. 16th, 1853. 96—

GIFT BOOKS FOR 1854, IN RICH AND ELEgant Bindings.—The Lily of the Valley; The Remembrance; The Gift of Friendship; The Gift of Love; Heroines of Shakespeare; The Floral Keepsake; The Golden Gift; The Leaflets of Memory; The Gems of Beauty, a Literary